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(54) Title: GENE EXPRESSION PROFILES IN NORMAL AND CANCER CELLS

(57) Abstract

As a step towards understanding the complex differences between normal and cancer cells, gene expression patterns were examined in gastrointestinal tumors. More than 300,000 transcripts derived from at least 45,000 different genes were analyzed. Although extensive similarity was noted between the expression profiles, more than 500 transcripts that were expressed at significantly different levels in normal and neoplastic cells were identified. These data provide insights into the extent of expression differences underlying malignancy and reveal genes that are useful as diagnostic or prognostic markers.

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Gene Expression Profiles in Normal and Cancer Cells

This invention was made with support from the National Institutes of Health, Grant No. GM07309, CA57345, and CA62924. The U.S. government therefore retains certain rights in the invention.

TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention is related to the diagnosis of cancer, and tools for carrying out such diagnosis.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Much of cancer research over the past 50 years has been devoted to the analyses of genes that are expressed differently in tumor cells compared to their normal counterparts. Although hundreds of studies have pointed out differences in the expression of one or a few genes, no comprehensive study of gene expression in the cancer cell has been reported. It is therefore not known how many genes are expressed differentially in tumor versus normal cells, whether the bulk of these differences are cell autonomous rather than being dependent on the tumor microenvironment, and whether most differences are cell-type specific or tumor specific. Thus there is a need in the art for information on the molecular changes that occur in cells during cancer development and progression.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to one embodiment of the invention, a method is provided for diagnosing colon cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic. The method comprises the steps of:

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comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3;

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identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be lower in the first sample than in the second sample.

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According to another embodiment of the invention, another method is provided for diagnosing colon cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic. The method comprises the steps of:

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comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2;

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identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

In another embodiment of the invention an isolated and purified human nucleic acid molecule is provided. The molecule comprises a SAGE tag selected from SEQ ID NO:1-732.

In yet another aspect of the invention an isolated nucleotide probe is provided. The probe comprises at least 12 nucleotides of a human nucleic acid molecule, wherein the human nucleic acid molecule comprises a SAGE tag selected from SEQ ID NO: 1-732.

According to another aspect of the invention a method is provided for diagnosing pancreatic cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a pancreatic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colon tissue, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

According to still another embodiment of the invention a method of diagnosing cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic is provided. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human tissue, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

According to another embodiment of the invention a method is provided to aid in the determination of a prognosis for a colon cancer patient. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic colonic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3;

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determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one transcript is found to be lower in the first sample than in the second sample.

According to another aspect of the invention a method to aid in determining a prognosis for a patient with colon cancer is provided. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first tissue sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic cancer tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

In yet another embodiment of the invention a method is provided for diagnosing colon cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when the level of expression of the protein is found to be lower in the first sample than in the second sample.

In another aspect of the invention a method of diagnosing colon cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic is provided. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript

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identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when expression of the protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

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According to another embodiment of the invention a method is provided to aid in determining a prognosis of a patient having pancreatic cancer. The method comprises the steps of:

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comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic pancreatic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colon tissue, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4;

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determining a poorer prognosis if transcription is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

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In yet another aspect of the invention a method to aid in providing a prognosis for a cancer patient is provided. The method comprises the steps of

comparing the level of at least one transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human tissue of the same tissue type, wherein said transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5;

determining a poorer prognosis if transcription is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

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According to still another aspect of the invention, a method is provided for diagnosing pancreatic cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein encoded by a transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a pancreatic tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human colon tissue, wherein said protein is

encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when expression of the protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

According to yet another aspect of the invention a method is provided for diagnosing cancer in a sample suspected of being neoplastic. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a tissue suspected of being neoplastic and the second sample is of a normal human tissue, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5;

identifying the first sample as neoplastic when expression of the protein is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

In still another embodiment of the invention a method is provided to aid in the determination of a prognosis of a colon cancer patient. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic colonic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of expression is found to be lower in the first sample than in the second sample.

In still another embodiment of the invention a method is provided to aid in determining a prognosis for a patient with colon cancer. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first tissue sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic cancer tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colonic tissue, and

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wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of expression is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

In still another aspect of the invention a method is provided to aid in determining a prognosis of a patient having pancreatic cancer. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic pancreatic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human colon tissue, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of expression is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

According to even a further aspect of the invention a method is provided to aid in providing a prognosis for a cancer patient. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a neoplastic tissue and the second sample is of a normal human tissue of the same tissue type, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of expression is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

In still another embodiment of the invention a method of treating a cancer cell is provided. The method comprises the step of:

administering to a cancer cell an antibody which specifically binds to a protein encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Tables 2, 4, and 5, wherein the antibody is linked to a cytotoxic agent.

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In another aspect of the invention an antibody linked to a cytotoxic agent is provided. The antibody specifically binds to a protein encoded by a transcript identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Tables 2, 4, and 5.

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According to another aspect of the invention, a method of detecting colon cancer in a patient is provided. The method comprises the steps of:

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comparing the level of at least one protein or transcript in a first body sample to a second body sample, wherein the first sample is a body sample of the patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2, wherein the first and second body sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

identifying neoplasia when the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

In another aspect of the invention a method of detecting pancreatic cancer in a patient is provided. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one protein or transcript encoded by a transcript in a first sample of a tissue to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of the patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4, wherein the first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

identifying neoplasia when the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

Also provided by the present invention is a method of detecting cancer in a patient. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one protein or transcript in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5, wherein the first and second body sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

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identifying neoplasia when the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

Additionally provided by the present invention is a method to aid in the determination of a prognosis for a colon cancer patient. The method comprises the steps of:

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comparing the level of at least one protein or transcript in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colon cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 3, wherein the first and second body sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

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determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be lower in the first sample than in the second sample.

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Provided by another embodiment of the invention is a method to aid in determining a prognosis for a patient with colon cancer. The method comprises the steps of:

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comparing the level of at least one protein or transcript in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a colonic cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein the protein is encoded by a transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown in Table 2, wherein the first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

According to still another aspect of the invention, a method to aid in determining a prognosis of a patient having pancreatic cancer is provided. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of at least one protein or transcript in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a pancreatic cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 4, wherein said first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

Also provided by the present invention is a method to aid in providing a prognosis for a cancer patient. The method comprises the steps of:

comparing the level of expression of at least one protein or transcript in a first sample to a second sample, wherein the first sample is of a cancer patient and the second sample is of a normal human, wherein said protein is encoded by a transcript and the transcript is identified by a tag selected from the group consisting of those shown Table 5, wherein the first and second sample is a sample selected from the group consisting of blood, urine, feces, sputum, and serum;

determining a poorer prognosis if the level of the at least one protein or transcript is found to be higher in the first sample than in the second sample.

The present invention further includes antisense oligonucleotides complementary in whole or in part to SEQ ID NOS:1-732.

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This invention also provides a method for screening for candidate agents that modulate the expression of a polynuleotide selected from the group consisting of the polynucleotides in SEQ ID NOS.1-732 or their respective complements, by contacting a test agent with a pancreatic or colon cell and monitoring expression of the polynucleotide, wherein the test agent which modifies the expression of the polynucleotide is a candidate agent.

The present invention provides the art with new methods and reagents for diagnosing and prognosing cancers. In addition, some of the newly disclosed genes may play an important role in the development of cancers.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1. Comparison of expression patterns in colorectal cancers and normal colon epithelium. (FIG. 1A) A semi-logarithmic plot reveals 51 tags that were decreased more than 10 fold in primary CR cancer cells whereas 32 tags were increased more than 10 fold. 62,168 and 60,878 tags derived from normal colon epithelium and primary CR cancers, respectively, were used for this analysis. The relative expression of each transcript was determined by dividing the number of tags observed in tumor and normal tissue as indicated. To avoid division by 0, a tag value of 1 was used for any tag that was not detectable in one of the samples. These ratios were then rounded to the nearest integer and their distribution plotted on the abscissa. The number of genes displaying each ratio was plotted on the ordinate. Tu: CR tumors; NC: Normal colon. (FIG. 1B and FIG. 1C) Differentially expressed genes in The number of transcripts found to be differentially colorectal cancers. expressed (P < 0.01) are presented as Venn diagrams. Diagrams of transcripts that were decreased (FIG. 1B) or increased (FIG. 1C) in CR cancers compared to normal colon epithelium. Comparisons were between primary tumors and cells in culture as indicated.

Fig. 2. Northern blot analysis of genes differentially expressed in gastrointestinal neoplasia. Northern blot analysis was performed on total RNA (5 µg isolated from primary CR carcinomas (T) and matching normal colon epithelium (N), or pancreatic carcinomas. The top panel in each case show an

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example of the ethidium bromide stained gels prior to transfer. The number of SAGE tags observed in the original analysis is indicated to the right of each blot. (FIG. 2A) Examples of transcripts that were decreased or increased in CR cancers. (FIG.2B) Examples of transcripts increased in pancreatic cancers (10). (FIG.2C) Examples of transcripts elevated in cancer which were or were not cancer type specific. Probes used for Northern blot analysis were as follows (Human SAGE Tag unique identifier, gene name, (GenBank accession number)): (FIG. 2A) H204104, Guanylin (M95714); H259108, (see Table 2); H1000193, (see Table 2); H998030, (see Table 2). (FIG. 2B) H294155, RIG-E (U42376); H560056, TIMP-1 (S68252). (FIG. 2C) H802810, EST338411 (W52120); H85882, 1-8D (X57351); H618841, GA733-1 (X13425).

Tables 2-5. Transcripts Differentially Expressed in Human Cancer.

Tag sequence represents the NlaIII site plus the adjacent 11 bp SAGE tag. Tag number indicates a SAGE UID (unique identifier). NC, TU, CL, PT, PC, refers to the number of the indicated tag observed in RNA isolated from normal colorectal epithelium, primary colorectal cancers, colorectal cancer cell lines, primary pancreatic cancers, or pancreatic cancer cell lines, respectively. The Accession and Gene Name refer to representative GenBank entries that contain the tag sequence.

Table 2 Transcripts increased in colorectal cancer.

Table 3 Transcripts decreased in colorectal cancer.

Table 4 Transcripts increased in pancreatic cancer.

Table 5 Transcripts increased in pancreatic and colorectal cancer.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The inventors have discovered sets of human genes which are either upregulated or downregulated in cancer cells, as compared to normal cells. Specifically, certain genes have been found to be upregulated or downregulated in colorectal and/or pancreatic cancer cells, when compared to normal colon

cells. These sets of differentially regulated genes can be used as diagnostic markers, either individually or in sets of, for example, 2, 5, 10, 20, or 30.

Genes whose expression was detected to be increased in colorectal cancer are shown in Table 2. Genes whose expression was detected to be decreased in colorectal cancer are shown in Table 3. Genes whose expression was detected as increased in pancreatic cancer are shown in Table 4. Genes whose expression was detected as increased in both pancreatic cancer and colorectal cancer are shown in Table 5. These latter genes likely play a role in neoplastic development generally.

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Tag sequences, as provided herein, uniquely identify genes. This is due to their length, and their specific location (3') in a gene from which they are drawn. The full length genes can be identified by matching the tag to a gene data base member, or by using the tag sequences as probes to physically isolate previously unidentified genes from cDNA libraries. The methods by which genes are isolated from libraries using DNA probes are well known in the art. See, for example, Veculescu et al., Science 270: 484 (1995), and Sambrook et al. (1989), MOLECULAR CLONING: A LABORATORY MANUAL, 2nd ed. (Cold Spring Harbor Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York). Once a gene or transcript has been identified, either by matching to a data base entry, or by physically hybridizing to a cDNA molecule, the position of the hybridizing or matching region in the transcript can be determined. If the tag sequence is not in the 3' end, immediately adjacent to the restriction enzyme used to generate the SAGE tags, then a spurious match may have been made. Confirmation of the identity of a SAGE tag can be made by comparing transcription levels of the tag to that of the identified gene in certain cell types.

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In addition to the sequences shown in SEQ ID NOS: 1-732, or their complements, this invention also provides the anti-sense polynucleotide stand, e.g. antisense RNA to these sequences or their complements. One can obtain an antisense RNA using the sequences provided in SEQ ID NOS: 1-732 and the methodology described in Vander Krol et al. (1988) BioTechniques 6:958.

The invention also encompasses polynucleotides which differ from that of the polynucleotides described above, but which produce the same phenotypic effect, such as the allele. These altered, but phenotypically equivalent polynucleotides are referred to "equivalent nucleic acids." This invention also encompasses polynucleotides characterized by changes in non-coding regions that do not alter the phenotype of the polypeptide produced therefrom when compared to the polynucleotide herein. This invention further encompasses polynucleotides, which hybridize to the polynucleotides of the subject invention under conditions of moderate or high stringency.

The polynucleotides can be conjugated to a detectable marker, e.g., an

enzymatic label or a radioisotope for detection of nucleic acid and/or expression of the gene in a cell. A wide variety of appropriate detectable markers are known in the art, including fluorescent, radioactive, enzymatic or other ligands, such as avidin/biotin, which are capable of giving a detectable signal. In preferred embodiments, one will likely desire to employ a fluorescent label or an enzyme tag, such as urease, alkaline phosphatase or peroxidase, instead of radioactive or other environmental undesirable reagents. In the case of enzyme tags, colorimetric indicator substrates are known which can be employed to provide a means visible to the human eye or spectrophotometrically, to identify specific hybridization with complementary nucleic acid-containing samples. Briefly, this invention further provides a method for detecting a single-stranded polynucleotide identified by SEQ ID NOS.1-732 or its complement, by contacting target single-stranded polynucleotides with a labeled, single-stranded polynucleotide (a probe) which is at least 10 nucleotides of the complement of SEQ ID NOS: 1-732 (or the corresponding complement) under conditions permitting hybridization (preferably moderately stringent hybridization conditions) of complementary single-stranded polynucleotides, or more preferably, under highly stringent hybridization conditions. Hybridized polynucleotide pairs are separated from

un-hybridized, single-stranded polynucleotides. The hybridized polynucleotide

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pairs are detected using methods well known to those of skill in the art and set forth, for example, in Sambrook et al. (1989) supra.

The polynucleotides of this invention can be isolated using the technique described in the experimental section or replicated using PCR. The PCR technology is the subject matter of United States Patent Nos.4,683,195, 4,800,159, 4,754,065, and 4,683,202 and described in PCR: The Polymerase Chain Reaction (Mullis et al. eds, Birkhauser Press, Boston (1994)) or MacPherson et al. (1991) and (1994), supra, and references cited therein. Alternatively, one of skill in the art can use the sequences provided herein and a commercial DNA synthesizer to replicate the DNA. Accordingly, this invention also provides a process for obtaining the polynucleotides of this invention by providing the linear sequence of the polynucleotide, nucleotides, appropriate primer molecules, chemicals such as enzymes and instructions for their replication and chemically replicating or linking the nucleotides in the proper orientation to obtain the polynucleotides. In a separate embodiment, these polynucleotides are further isolated. Still further, one of skill in the art can insert the polynucleotide into a suitable replication vector and insert the vector into a suitable host cell (procaryotic or eucaryotic) for replication and amplification. The DNA so amplified can be isolated from the cell by methods well known to those of skill in the art. A process for obtaining polynucleotides by this method is further provided herein as well as the polynucleotides so obtained.

RNA can be obtained by first inserting a DNA polynucleotide into a suitable host cell. The DNA can be inserted by any appropriate method, e.g., by the use of an appropriate gene delivery vector or by electroporation. When the cell replicates and the DNA is transcribed into RNA, the RNA can then be isolated using methods well known to those of skill in the art, for example, as set forth in Sambrook et al. (1989) supra. For instance, mRNA can be isolated using various lytic enzymes or chemical solutions according to the procedures set forth in Sambrook et al. (1989), supra or extracted by nucleic-acid-binding resins following the accompanying instructions provided by manufactures.

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Polynucleotides having at least 10 nucleotides and exhibiting sequence complementarity or homology to SEQ ID NOS: 1-732 find utility as hybridization probes. In some aspects, the full coding sequence of the transcript, i.e., for SEQ ID NOS: 1-732, are known. Accordingly, any portion of the known sequences available in GenBank, or homologous sequences, can be used in the methods of this invention.

It is known in the art that a "perfectly matched" probe is not needed for a specific hybridization. Minor changes in probe sequence achieved by substitution, deletion or insertion of a small number of bases do not affect the hybridization specificity. In general, as much as 20% base-pair mismatch (when optimally aligned) can be tolerated. Preferably, a probe useful for detecting the aforementioned mRNA is at least about 80% identical to the homologous region of comparable size contained in the previously identified sequences identified by SEQ ID NOS:1-732, which correspond to previously characterized genes or SEQ ID NOS:1-732, which correspond to known ESTs. More preferably, the probe is 85% identical to the corresponding gene sequence after alignment of the homologous region; even more preferably, it exhibits 90% identity.

These probes can be used in radioassays (e.g. Southern and Northern blot analysis) to detect, prognose, diagnose or monitor various pancreatic or colon cells or tissue containing these cells. The probes also can be attached to a solid support or an array such as a chip for use in high throughput screening assays for the detection of expression of the gene corresponding to one or more polynucleotide(s) of this invention. Accordingly, this invention also provides at least one of the transcripts identified as SEQ ID NOS:1-732, or its complement, attached to a solid support for use in high throughput screens.

The total size of fragment, as well as the size of the complementary stretches, will depend on the intended use or application of the particular nucleic acid segment. Smaller fragments will generally find use in hybridization embodiments, wherein the length of the complementary region may be varied,

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such as between about 10 and about 100 nucleotides, or even full length according to the complementary sequences one wishes to detect.

Nucleotide probes having complementary sequences over stretches greater than 10 nucleotides in length are generally preferred, so as to increase stability and selectivity of the hybrid, and thereby improving the specificity of particular hybrid molecules obtained. More preferably, one can design polynucleotides having gene-complementary stretches of more than 50 nucleotides in length, or even longer where desired. Such fragments may be readily prepared by, for example, directly synthesizing the fragment by chemical means, by application of nucleic acid reproduction technology, such as the PCR technology with two priming oligonucleotides as described in U.S. Pat. No. 4,603,102 or by introducing selected sequences into recombinant vectors for recombinant production. A preferred probe is about 50-75 or more preferably, 50-100, nucleotides in length.

The polynucleotides of the present invention can serve as primers for the detection of genes or gene transcripts that are expressed in pancreatic or colon cells. In this context, amplification means any method employing a primer-dependent polymerase capable of replicating a target sequence with reasonable fidelity. Amplification may be carried out by natural or recombinant DNA-polymerases such as T7 DNA polymerase, Klenow fragment of E.coli DNA polymerase, and reverse transcriptase.

A preferred amplification method is PCR. However, PCR conditions used for each reaction are empirically determined. A number of parameters influence the success of a reaction. Among them are annealing temperature and time, extension time, Mg²⁺ ATP concentration, pH, and the relative concentration of primers, templates, and deoxyribonucleotides. After amplification, the resulting DNA fragments can be detected by agarose gel electrophoresis followed by visualization with ethidium bromide staining and ultraviolet illumination.

The invention further provides the isolated polynucleotide operatively linked to a promoter of RNA transcription, as well as other regulatory

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sequences for replication and/or transient or stable expression of the DNA or RNA. As used herein, the term "operatively linked" means positioned in such a manner that the promoter will direct transcription of RNA off the DNA molecule. Examples of such promoters are SP6, T4 and T7. In certain embodiments, cell-specific promoters are used for cell-specific expression of Vectors which contain a promoter or a the inserted polynucleotide. promoter/enhancer, with termination codons and selectable marker sequences, as well as a cloning site into which an inserted piece of DNA can be operatively linked to that promoter are well known in the art and commercially available. For general methodology and cloning strategies, see Gene Expression Technology (Goeddel ed., Academic Press, Inc. (1991)) and references cited therein and Vectors: Essential Data Series (Gacesa and Ramji, eds., John Wiley & Sons, N.Y. (1994)), which contains maps, functional properties, commercial suppliers and a reference to GenEMBL accession numbers for various suitable vectors. Preferable, these vectors are capable of transcribing RNA in vitro or in vivo.

Fragment of the sequences shown in SEQ ID NOS:1-732 or their respective complements also are encompassed by this invention, preferably at least 10 nucleotides and more preferably having at least 18 nucleotides. Larger polynucleotides, e.g., cDNA or genomic DNA, which hybridize under moderate or stringent conditions to the polynucleotide sequences shown in SEQ ID NOS:1-732, or their respective complements, also are encompassed by this invention.

In one embodiment, these fragments are polynucleotides that encode polypeptides or proteins having diagnostic and therapeutic utilities as described herein as well as probes to identify transcripts of the protein which may or may not be present. These nucleic acid fragments can by prepared, for example, by restriction enzyme digestion of the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NOS:1-732, or their complements, and then labeled with a detectable marker. Alternatively, random fragments can be generated using nick translation of the molecule. For

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methodology for the preparation and labeling of such fragments, see Sambrook et al., (1989) supra.

Expression vectors containing these nucleic acids are useful to obtain host vector systems to produce proteins and polypeptides. It is implied that these expression vectors must be replicable in the host organisms either as episomes or as an integral part of the chromosomal DNA. Suitable expression vectors include viral vectors, including adenoviruses, adeno-associated viruses, retroviruses, cosmids, etc. Adenoviral vectors are particularly useful for introducing genes into tissues in vivo because of their high levels of expression and efficient transformation of cells both in vitro and in vivo. When a nucleic acid is inserted into a suitable host cell, e.g., a procaryotic or a eucaryotic cell and the host cell replicates, the protein can be recombinantly produced. Suitable host cells will depend on the vector and can include mammalian cells, animal cells, human cells, simian cells, insect cells, yeast cells, and bacterial cells constructed using well known methods. See Sambrook et al. (1989) supra. In addition to the use of viral vector for insertion of exogenous nucleic acid into cells, the nucleic acid can be inserted into the host cell by methods well known in the art such as transformation for bacterial cells; transfection using calcium phosphate precipitation for mammalian cells; or DEAE-dextran; electroporation; or microinjection. See Sambrook et al. (1989) supra for this methodology. Thus, this invention also provides a host cell, e.g. a mammalian cell, an animal cell (rat or mouse), a human cell, or a procaryotic cell such as a bacterial cell, containing a polynucleotide encoding a protein or polypeptide or antibody.

When the vectors are used for gene therapy in vivo or ex vivo, a pharmaceutically acceptable vector is preferred, such as a replication-incompetent retroviral or adenoviral vector. Pharmaceutically acceptable vectors containing the nucleic acids of this invention can be further modified for transient or stable expression of the inserted polynucleotide. As used herein, the term "pharmaceutically acceptable vector" includes, but is not limited to, a vector or delivery vehicle having the ability to selectively target

and introduce the nucleic acid into dividing cells. An example of such a vector is a "replication-incompetent" vector defined by its inability to produce viral proteins, precluding spread of the vector in the infected host cell. An example of a replication-incompetent retroviral vector is LNL6 (Miller, A.D. et al. (1989) BioTechniques 7:980-990). The methodology of using replication-incompetent retroviruses for retroviral-mediated gene transfer of gene markers is well established (Correll et al. (1989) PNAS USA 86:8912; Bordignon (1989) PNAS USA 86:8912-52; Culver, K. (1991) PNAS USA 88:3155; and Rill, D.R. (1991) Blood 79(10):2694-700. Clinical investigations have shown that there are few or no adverse effects associated with the viral vectors, see Anderson (1992) Science 256:808-13.

Compositions containing the polynucleotides of this invention, in isolated form or contained within a vector or host cell are further provided herein. When these compositions are to be used pharmaceutically, they are combined with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

This invention further encompasses genes, either genomic or cDNA, which code for a polypeptide or protein in the cell of interest. The genes specifically hybridize under moderate or stringent conditions to a polynucleotide identified by SEQ ID NOS: 1-732 or their respective complements. The process of identification of larger fragment or the full-length coding sequence to which the partial sequence depicted in SEQ ID NOS:1-732 hybridizes preferably involves the use of the methods and reagents provided in this invention, either singularly or in combination.

Five methods are disclosed herein which allows one of skill in the art to isolate the gene or cDNA corresponding to the transcripts of the invention.

RACE-PCR Technique

One method to isolate the gene or cDNA which code for a polypeptide or protein and which corresponds to a transcript of this invention, involves the 5'-RACE-PCR technique. In this technique, the poly-A mRNA that contains the coding sequence of particular interest is first identified by hybridization to

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a sequence disclosed herein and then reverse transcribed with a 3'-primer comprising the sequence disclosed herein. The newly synthesized cDNA strand is then tagged with an anchor primer of a known sequence, which preferably contains a convenient cloning restriction site attached at the 5'end. The tagged cDNA is then amplified with the 3'-primer (or a nested primer sharing sequence homology to the internal sequences of the coding region) and the 5'-anchor primer. The amplification may be conducted under conditions of various levels of stringency to optimize the amplification specificity. 5'-RACE-PCR can be readily performed using commercial kits (available from, e.g., BRL Life Technologies Inc, Clotech) according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Identification of known genes or ESTs

In addition, databases exist that reduce the complexity of ESTs by assembling contiguous EST sequences into tentative genes. For example, TIGR has assembled human ESTs into a datable called THC for tentative human consensus sequences. The THC database allows for a more definitive assignment compared to ESTs alone. Software programs exist (give examples) that allow for assembling ESTs into contiguous sequences from any organism.

Isolation of cDNAs from a library by probing with the SAGE transcript or tag

Alternatively, mRNA from a sample preparation was used to construct cDNA library in the ZAP Express vector following the procedure described in Velculescu et al. (1997) Science 270:484. The ZAP Express cDNA synthesis kit (Stratagene) was used accordingly to the manufacturer's protocol. Plates containing 250 to 2000 plaques are hybridized as described in Rupert et al. (1988) Mol. Cell. Bio. 8:3104 to oligonucleotide probes with the same conditions previously described for standard probes exxcept that the hybridization temperature is reduced to room temperature. Washes are performed in 6X standard-saline-citrate 0.1% SDS for 30 minutes at room temperature. The probes are labeled with 32P-ATP through use of T4 polynucletoide kinase.

Table 2 - Transcripts increased in colon cancer

Transcripts increased in only colon primary tumors compared to normal colon (61 genes)

NC: Normal Colon

TU: Colon Primary Tumor

CL.: Colon Cancer Cell Line PT: Pancreatic Primary Tumor PC: Pancreatic Cancer Cell Line

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	11 series mitochondrial EST sequence (1-t-12) from	H.sapiens mitocilolidi lai EST sedecire (COIII) pse					Human mitochondrion cytochrome b gene, partial cds		Himan mRNA for granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimu	lete cds.	Human thymopoletin gamma mRNA, complete cds.	Human metastasis suppressor (KAII) mRNA, complete	2b91h11.s1 Soares parathyroid tumor Nb11PA Homo sap	2c05d03.s1 Soares parathyroid tumor Nb11PA Homo sap	38925 5'.	H.sapiens mitochondrial DNA for loop attachinent se	A 1486F Homo sapiens cDNA clone A 1486 similar to Mt	181870 Homo sapiens cDNA 3'end similar to Human mi	Human mRNA for HLA class II DR-beta (HLA-DR B)	phosphorylase kinase catalytic subunit PHKG2 homol	activator.	Human zinc finger containing protein ZNF157 (ZNF15	Human leiomyoma LM-196.4 ectopic sequence from HMU	plete cds.	za62h11.rl Soares fetal liver spleen INFLS Homo sa
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14 CATGGCTAGGIIIAI	1041107					-	D53694	Human fetal brain cDNA 3'-end GEN-117E01.
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15 CATGCCCGIACAIC	U183018	=	=	77	=	2	DS1021	Human fetal brain cDNA 3'-end GEN-007D07.
16 CATGAGTAGGIGGCC	0100011	2				\vdash	D51052	Human fetal brain cDNA 3'-end GEN-009C05.
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17 CATGCCTGTAGTCCC	H386270	2 2	2	88	77	2	DS4113	Human fetal brain cDNA 5'-end GEN-129B05.
18 CATGAGACCCACAAC	H1277164	6	107	35	-	9	F15796	H.sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (102-25) trom
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21 CATGGCCAACCTCCI	H000307		2				D52905	Human fetal brain cDNA 5'-end GEN-091D11.
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22 CATGGCCATCCCCTT	H609624	25	2	-	= ;	= =	1106452	Human melanoma antigen recognized by T-cells (MART
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33 CATGGCCACCCCTG	H60/5/6	= =	3/2	. <u> </u> 2	12	2	X67247	H.sapiens rpS8 gene for ribosomal protein S8.
34 CATGTAATAAAGGTG	H798/64	2 =	3/5	<u> </u>	-	14	T11939	A953F Homo sapiens cDNA clone A953 similar to Mito
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Transcripts increased in both colon primary tumors and colon cancer cell lines compared to normal colon (47 genes)

NC: Normal Colon

TU: Colon Primary Tumor

CL: Colon Cancer Cell Line

PT: Pancreatic Primary Tumor PC: Pancreatic Cancer Cell Line

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	Tag Number	+	╅	+	┿	2 2	Τ	Himan ribosomal protein L28 mRNA, complete cds.
	H599350	<u>≈</u>	-	230	+	2 2	Τ	Himan mRNA for LLRep3.
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	H355689	€	\dashv	546	+	3 5	T	H sapiens mRNA for 23 kD highly basic protein
	H171113	4	+	╌	+	1 5	Т	H sapiens mRNA for elongation factor 2.
	H148949	2	-+	+	+	2 2	Т	H saniens S19 ribosomal protein mRNA, complete cds
	H502724	29	=	<u>ड</u>	+	<u> </u>	Т	Himan acidic ribosomal phosphoprotein P2 mRNA, com
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	H55227	30	8	3	£ .	2 5	222460	H saniens mRNA for ribosomal protein L3.
	H660601	36	23	114	43	3	A/3400	DNA complete cds
	11174027	47	16	167	91	155	M73791	Human novel gene mind of the company
	H1 /405/		1				M64241	Human Wilm's tumor-related protein (Qivi) university
			1	1	T	T	835960	laminin receptor homolog (3' region) [numan, mrive
			1	18	1	214	X80822	H.sapiens mRNA for ORF.
	H44683	48	5	2	: :	3 5	CALEGA	Hilman mRNA for ribosomal protein L32
	H935680	45	S	2	<u>ا</u> ة	3 2	8578574	Human ribosomal protein S4 (RPS4X) isoform mRNA, c
	H861056	37	≂	2	2	*	3715CX4	Himan scar protein mRNA, complete cds.
							04177141	DAIA for eibosomal protein S18.
	20737011	5	2	83	55	250	X69150	H. Sapiens minds for incoming the Fall mRNA sec
	HADOONS		1				L06432	Homo sapiens 18S ribosomal protein (rings) mission
	0,00000	۶	11	2	\$	143	Y00052	Human mRNA for T-cell cyclopulin.
	H3/9309	3 6	= =	8	0	0	X07868	Human DNA for insulin-like grown factor if (101 2),
	218912	2 5	3/5	=	34	S	U16811	Human Bak mRNA, complete cos.
	H482584		*					

al protein S28, comp		ein L37, complete cds	NA, complete cds.	protein P1 mRNA. com	100 mistoria	Oten Div.	to chicken b complex	NA, complete cds.	at protein homologue.	ein L17.	clone 191886 5' simil	clone 214895 5'.	s; clone c-1 od03.	one hbc3221 S'end.	A binding protein UP!	or (insulin-like prow	dine protein.	Linding profein mRNA	Olliding process mission	nKNA, partial cus.	NA, complete cus.	ne.	123-H23) IIINIAA, COMPICA	in factor (put) inicials	sequence.	containing sequenc	Ior-beta mouced gene	locus C lleavy chain.	Igens associated invariant	eophosmin.	ig protein.		olete cds.	Soares senescent fibroblasts NbHSF Homo sapiens cDNA clone	lalla)	V-beta segment (anci	
Hamplog of yeast ribosomal protein S28, comp	Heaniens HRPL4 mRNA.	Himan mRNA for ribosomal protein L37, complete cds	The state of the s	ruman mossing process and proceeding Pl mRNA, com	Tuman aciuic iloosoiiiai price	H.sapiens mKNA for floosoffial process	Human MHC protein homologous to cnicken o complex	Human ribosomal protein L21 mRNA, complete cds.	Human mRNA for HL23 ribosomal protein homologue.	Hilman mRNA for ribosomal protein L17	un61804.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 191886 5' simil	vs 15f12 rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 214895 5'	H caniene nartial cDNA sequence; clone c-10d03	the 3721 Homo sapiens cDNA clone hbc3221 5'end	PNA fragment DNA binding protein UP!	Human IIVEL IIIINNA Hagainem Cinsulin-IIVE ETOW	Human making to lot 101 -11 proces	H.sapiens mkirk for familian brings	Human colin carcinoma laminin-bullouing process	Human ribosomal protein L.23a mKNA, partial cus.	Human ribosomal protein S5 inKNA, complete cus.	H.sapiens RNA for nm23-H2 gene.	Human putative NDP kinase (nm23-H23) linking, compres	Homo sapiens c-myc transcription factor (pur) inicials	Human (clone CTG-B33) mRNA sequence	CAG-isl 7 (trinucleotide repeat-containing sequenc	Human transforming growth factor-beta mouced general	Human mRNA for HLA class I locus C licavy cliam	Human mRNA for HLA-DK antigens associated invariant	Human hB23 gene for B23 nucleophosmin.	Human mRNA for polyA binding protein	H.sapiens HCG IV mRNA.	Human mRNA for BST-2, complete cds.	Soares senescent fibroblasts Nb	324128 3'.	H.sapiens DNA for orphan TCR V-beta segment (after	
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cell lines compared to normal colon (181 genes) Transcripts increased in only colon cancer

NC: Normal Colon

PT: Pancreatic Primary Tumor TU: Colon Primary Tumor CL: Colon Cancer Cell Line

PC: Pancreatic Cancer Cell Line

Tag Sequence Tag Number NC TU CL FT PC Accession CATGGCCGAGGAAGG H615043 72 66 265 103 125 X53505 CATGGCCGAGGAAGG H615043 72 66 265 103 125 X53505 CATGCAAACCATCCA H263478 137 83 245 36 20 X12883 CATGCAAACGGTA H263478 137 83 245 36 103 X35365 CATGCAAACAAAAAAAA H1 31 48 186 66 102 X38412 CATGGAAAAAAAAAAA H1 31 48 186 66 102 X38412 CATGGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA		Cene Name	Human mRNA for elongation factor 1-aipna	Uman rihosomal protein S12.	91	Human cytokeratili 10.	Homo sapiens metallopanstimulin (MFS1)	H.sapiens B1 mRNA for mucin.	H.sapiens FRGAMMA mRNA (819bp) for folate receptor	H.sapiens mRNA for lung amiloride sensitive Na+ ch	Human FR-gamma' mRNA, complete cds.	Hilman folate receptor 3 mRNA, complete cds.	i di sikacamal profesio	riuman Let House senions cDNA clone 116571 5.	yeuziuz ihosonal profeja 1.37a.	risapicus illocomini Clorini C	Human ribosomai protein 310	Human thymosin beta 10	H.sapiens mRNA for ribosomal protein LJ 1.	Human ribosomal protein L27a	H. sapiens ribosomal protein L11.	Human ribosomal protein S6	Human ribosomal protein S28 mRNA, complete cds	Himan mRNA for ribosomal protein L17	rice shoomal protein 1.35	Human noosonial process 25	Human acidic ribosomal pilospilopi occiii i o	Human M2-type pyruvate kinase mkNA, compress cos.	Human TCB gene encoding cytosolic thyrold liotinolic-	Human ferritin L chain	
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						_ _	Human mRNA for HBp15/L22, complete cds. Human ribosomal protein S25
CATGAATAGGTCCAA CATGGCTTTTAAGGA	H51925 H655115	2 8 6	28 3	8 2 4	6 22 6	53 M64716 63 L06498 27 M61831	Human S-adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase (AHCY)
CATGAATGCAGGCAG	H38333	1	3		┨	-	

Z21507 Human elongation factor 1 delta (EF 1delta)	Г	Π	T	Т	T	Ţ	x69391 H.sapiens ribosomal protein L6.	Т	Π	П	П	\neg	T49412 ya75609.rl Homo saprens court of 2000 st	TS1058 yb55a12.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone /30/03.	X07270 Human heat shock protein hspace.	M91670 Human ubiquitin carrier protein (E2-Err)	X74070 H.sapiens transcription factor B1F 3.	V00599 Human beta-tubulin	X84694	L38995 Homo sapiens nuclear-encoded mitochondrial elongatation raccol	S75463 P43=mitochondrial elongation factor nomotog (numeri	H48893	X71973	\neg	H80294	\neg		F17005	H10519		_	X56998	F19234	6 X52317 Human histone HZA.4.	
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	CATGGCCCAGCTGGA	CATGGGCCGCGTTCG	CATGTGAGGGAATAA	CATGTGTACCTGTAA	CATGGGCAAGAAGAA	CATGAACTAACAAA	CATGTATACGCTCAG	CATGTACAAGAGGAA	CATGGTTAACGTCCC			CATGGAGACTCCIGC	CATGATCCACAICUC			CATGGAAGCTTTGCA	CATGCTGGCGAGCGC	CATGCTGAGACAAAG	CATGAACGACCTCGT	CATGGCATAGGCTGC			CATGCATCTTCACCA	CATGGCCTGCTGGG	CATGACAGGCIACO	CATGGAAATGTAAGA	1000	CATGGAAGCCAGCCA	CATGTTACCATATCA	CATGTTGCTCACAA	CATGTCCCGCICGA	CATGATTAACAAAUC	CATGCAGAICITIO	CATGGTTCGTGCCAA	CATGGACGTGTGGGC

			-	10	0	MIJERO	Human 26-kDa cell surface protein TAPA-1
77 CATGCTAAAAAAA	H458753	- -	7 .	+	4-	T	Homo sapiens dboB-like protein
78 CATGGGGTTTTTATT	H704500	4 1	+	27 0	+-	Τ.	Human translational initiation factor 2 beta subunit
79 CATGCCGATCACCGG	H363799	1	, ,	+	2 2	W07137	za92a11.r1 Soares fetal lung NbHL19W Homo sapiens
80 CATGGCACAAGAAGA	H594051	+	╁	╬	1	D20503	clone
		1	+	╀	igspace	N91592	Soares fetal lung NbHL19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone 303055 31.
		\dagger	╁	+	-		yv84c07.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 249420 3' similar to contains Alu
	•					H83884	repetitive element;
\neg	H908171	-	=	26	=	222572	H.sapiens CDEI binding protein mRNA.
81 CATGICICIACCAC	20000	┿	╄	+-	├	L09209	Homo sapiens amyloid protein homologue mRNA, compl
		\dagger	╁	-		L19597	Human binding protein mRNA, partial cds.
		\dagger	-		-	66009S	APPH=amyloid precursor protein homolog [human, pla
	1787607	1-	10	25 3	0	W07587	zb06f02.r1 Soares fetal lung NbHL19W Homo sapiens
82 CATGGIIICCCCAAG	1100011	\dagger	╀	\vdash	igg	N28502	yx36f06.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 263843 3
		+	+	╀	-	N35630	yx62a03.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 266284 5
	70700011	+	-	25 3	=	240265	H. sapiens partial cDNA sequence; clone c-1 xe03.
83 CATGCCTGTCCAGCC	H388420	1	╀	╀	╁╴	W02723	zc65c03.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens
		+	+	+	+	N24893	yx99h09.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 269921 3'.
			\dagger	+	+	N32178	vy25b09.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 272249 3'.
		1.	1	36	1	H21873	yl34b10.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 160123 3' simil
84 CATGTCATCATCTGA	H865503	1	+-	+	╀	H26394	yl48e12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 161518 3' simil
		1	\dagger	+	\downarrow	H69857	yr88d02.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 212355 3' simil
		1	+	+	\downarrow	H70714	yu69b11.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 239037 3' simil
		ŀ	+	- -	14	X55110	Human mRNA for neurite outgrowth-promoting protein
85 CATGCCCTGCCTTGT	H358783	1	0 -	╁	╂-	X03168	Human mRNA for S-protein.
86 CATGGCCGGGCCCTC	H61 /048	1	+	╀	-		2032d09.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 388393
		,		74	2 2	AA143561	3' similar to contains LTR7.tl LTR7 repetitive element
87 CATGTTGCTCAAAA	H1023233	7	+-	+	╀		2001g11.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cUNA cione 200408
						AA152342	3' similar to contains LTR7.t3 LTR7 repetitive element;
			+	\dagger	+		2186h11.51 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 31133/
						AA115727	3' similar to contains LTR7.t1 LTR7 repetitive element
	130027	Y	-	24	5 15	 -	yi61f09.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 143753 5.
88 CATGCAAAATCAGGA	1067071		+	╀╌	╁╌	T32681	EST52915 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to None.
			1	-	_	T34662	EST72468 Homo sapiens CDINA 3 end similar to troute.
	SLPLLSH	E	5	23	4 7	H04634	yj49h03.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 132117 3.
89 CATGGAAGAIGIGG	COLOCOL		1				

					+	ļ.	Г	11ing martial cDNA sequence; clone 76D12; ver
			\dashv	-	-	4	٦	21 as a 1 James capiens CDNA clone 149384 3'.
STOCTOT ATTER	H761150	0	8	23 (9	4	\exists	7)2 (CO.). I Hours earliene cDNA clone 249602 3' simil
90 CA1001001CA1					-	4	Т	yv80c02.51 froling Sapriers CDNA clone 249829 3' simil
			-		_	4	П	V8810/.SI Homo Saprens Control Case State (RS)
	UKSAAKA	4	2	23	9 6	2	L38961 1	Homo sapiens putative transmentionality protein (20)
\neg	1000010	-	╁	╂╌	2	2	104026	Human thioredoxin (TXN) mKNA
	1023250	<u>.</u>	╂	╀	0	4	D11078	Human RGH2 gene.
93 CATGTTGCTCACACA	0076701H	- -	╀	╀╌	-	61	X53279	Human mRNA for placental-like alkaline phosphatase
	H389207	1	╁	╀	╁	L	M77836	Human pyrroline 5-carboxylate reductase mKNA,
95 CATGAGGAGGGAGGC	650011	1	╀	╀	2	_	X07674	Human glutamate dehydrogenase
	466160H	·	╀	╁╴	+	0	Y00433	Human mRNA for glutathione peroxidase
	H490889	•	╬	╁╴	┼	┞	X67951	H.sapiens mRNA for proliferation-associated gene
98 CATGAGAACAAAACC	H132098	-	+	; =	╀	┞	U38846	Human stimulator of TAR RNA binding (SKB)
	H340/01	1	†	;	╁╴	+	D16933	Human HepG2 3' region cDNA, clone hmd4111.
1		ŀ	1,	╁	15	150	Π	Human retinoic acid induced RIG-E
CATGCACTTCAAGGG	H294155]	7	+		+	Т	linknown
O CATGGGGGGGGGGGG	H631331	7	-	2 2	+	- F	F17574	H sapiens EST sequence (012-T2-32) from skeletal m
103 CATGETACCTCC1TC	H989024	4	1	3	╁	,		lloknown
CATICACTCTCCCAAG	H122449	4	7	2	4	1,	CA0C2VI	2011h05 r1 Soares parathyroid tumor NbHPA Homo sap
	H861095		9	<u>= </u>	₹.	+	2567CM	va 4811 1. 1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 35917 S' simila
T1111111111111111111111111111111111111	11679936	-		2	7	\ 	V00566	Human linonrolein apoAl.
	H951912	9	=	2	╗	 	7760374	Human F16 inRNA
100 CATOTOCTICCTG	H386904		~	2	-1-	1:	7,000 KI	USRCI1 s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 162452 3' simil
(CATGGCCACACCCCA(C)	H607318	7		∞	+		030131	H sapiens ribosomal protein L7.
103 CATGOCCACION	H249854	7		∞	+	4	66666	GET12500 Hears tumor I Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end
109 CATOALIATION	H529899	2	7	<u>≈</u>	-1	+	AA299890	Unimage alveyl-RNA synthetase.
THE CATOGGCTGATGTGG	H686319	7	~	∞	∞ .	= -	0109019	Haniens ORSHs mRNA for glutaminyl-tRNA synthetas
LIS CATGEORY	H855049		9	∞ :	4	4	0007	abiliai I. I. Soares fetal lung NbHL 19W Homo sapiens
TATO AND	H11785			=	1	1	W35197	2c70b05.r1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens
		\dashv			+	+	W57451	2c45d09.rl Soares senescent fibroblasts NbHSF Homo
		-	-	:	6	1-	D38251	Human mRNA for RPB5 (XAP4)
114 CATGCACGCGCTCAA	H288373	<u>- </u>	1	= =	7 =	1=	D52570	Human fetal brain cDNA 5'-end GEN-081G12.
	H28872	- -	0	\exists	2	+	D52758	Human fetal brain cDNA 5'-end GEN-087A08.
		+	1		T	1	D55953	Human fetal brain cDNA 5'-end GEN-40/H12.
	1004107	十	10	2	2	9	M22490	Human bone morphogenetic protein-28 (BIMF-2D)
116 CATGCTGTACCTGGA	H30410/	1	<u>}</u>					

M12529 Human apolipoprotein E	Т		M86667 H.sapiens NAP (nucleosome assembly protein)	X53743 H.sapiens mRNA for fibulin-1 C.	Z26328 H. sapiens partial cDNA sequence; clone HEC059	Z26328 H. sapiens partial cDNA sequence; clane HEC059	U22055 Human 100 kDa coactivator mRNA	R91724	W51770 zc48a02.rl Soares senescent fibroblasts NbHSF Homo	N42086 Jyy05b03.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 270317 5'		\neg		\neg	\$85655	M38188 Human unknown protein from clone pHGR74 mRNA, comp	Y00711 Human lactate dehydrogenase B (LDH-B).	D83174 Human collagen binding protein 2.	X70940 H.sapiens elongation factor 1 alpha-2.	T30623 EST19638 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to None.	HUMGS0004747, Human Gene Signature, 3'-directed cDNA	C01011 sequence.	zm62d06.s1 Stratagene fibroblast (#937212) Homo sapiens cDNA clone	AA111865 530219 3'	W56516 zd16c08.rl Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens	H30299 yo77d04.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 183943 5' simil	H50265 yo28c02.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 179234 5.	W01702	W04495 za58b10.rl Soares fetal liver spleen INFLS Homo sa	W23528 zc71g11.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens	D11838	X75598	T35470	T35536
0	┼-	_	<u></u>	0	3	2	2	2	_		4		7		91	-	0	5	7	Ξ	-		-		-	巨	_	4	-	-	12	Ε	P	╁
48	╁	╀	10	=	╀╌	100	├	╀	_	-	2		8	_	0	4	0	23	0		╀		╀		+	12	┞	9	╀	\vdash	9	┞	╀	╀
12	╀	-	2	┼	╀	╀	9	╀	-	-	2		15	_	=	╀	2	2	2	2	╀		\perp		+	4	-	4	╀	╀	4	+-	╀	╀
9	╀	-	10	╀	0	╀	2	100	\vdash	-	5	-	9	-	<u>~</u>	+-	╀	7	0	7	╀		\dotplus		+	F	+	4	+	╀	10	╀	+	╀
1	10	_	0	10	10	10	2	-	╀-	igldash	10		F	╀	-	°	10	上	10	10	+		╀		+	╀	+	+	+	+	10	+	+	+
1708667	H819713	617/1011	H228867	H302741	H228867	H228867	H762554	H762197			H561787		H633002		1756A97	LESPEST!	HS77840	H155632	H910430	H18469	7010111					HORDIJO		H822331	1077011		H508767	H671054	10025104	
00000	CATGUGACCCCACGC	II8 CAIGIAGAAAAAAA	CATCATCATCAAAGG	CITCCCCAT	120 CAIGCAGCIGGCCAI	CATCATCTTCA A AGG	CATOATCTTGAGGTGCG	CATGGTGGACCCAA	0000000		CATGGAGGAGGTGGA		TOUTOUTOUT	2000000	A A THOUGH	CATGALIGOCITANA	CATGGAAAAATTAA	AICACAGIII	CATGAGCCITIONS	CATGICIOCACCICC	CATGAACAGAAGCAA						CATGIGITCAGGACC	COUTAATAO	CATGIAGAIAAIGGC		A TOOT A	CATGCITAAICCIUA	CATGGCCAGAGGACC	136 CATGTGACTGAAGCC

							Sond similar to None.
		-	-			T35545	EST8/066 Home sapients Cover 5 cm 150596 3'
COLOUTOR	HS76495	0	_	14 2	_	H01694	yj33g11.s1 Homo sapiens CDIVA clone 302319 3.
CATGGATAUTUTOO						N78851	2b17d08.st Homo sapiens CDIA clone 300059 3.
			-		_	N78931	zayzhuo.st Homo sapiens com chare 241474 s'imil
	וואאלוח	-	4	13 6	-13	H90469	yv01e06.r1 Homo sapiens cDIVA cione 241474 5 5
138 CATGGTGGTGGACAC	CACCOLL		+	╀	_	R76765	yi63g01.rl Homo sapiens cDNA cione 143522 3 siiiii
		1	╁	\vdash	-	T35045	EST79335 Homo sapiens cDNA similar to Nolle
		6	1,	5	9	HS1447	yo31a05.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 1/9304 3.
139 CATGTGGGGTACCTT	H961304	3	╁	┿	╀	W46469	zc32c05.rl Soares senescent fibroblasts NbHSr Homo
		1	+	\dagger	$\frac{1}{1}$	W\$1800	zc48e04.rl Soares senescent fibroblasts NbHSF Homo
			+	+	+	B33196	vh77f08.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 135783 5.
			+	╀	١	1	Human prothymosin-alpha
LIN CATGITCATTATAAT	H1003313	=	<u></u> =	+	╫	4	Human KIAA0190 protein
_	H515821	9	~ 	+	+	\perp	Hilman hi ON ATP-dependent protease mRNA
CATCACTGGCGAAGT	H125315	_	~	<u> </u>	7	002203	ESTOCK17 Homo saniens cDNA 5' end similar to ATP-d
142 CATOACTOSCO				!	-	179013	LOUIS LIAN Y
₹ CHOO:	US26405	E	~	13	9	_	Human nistone nzo.
143 CATGGAAAGAGCIUA	32507011	6	-	=	1 2	104088	Human DNA topolsomerase 11 (10pz) 111111111
144 CATGCAACTCTATGG	C//697H	>	- -	: =	0	K01891	Human beta globin retrovirus-like repetitive element
145 CATGAAATTTGGTGC	H16303	1	+	+	╀	1188396	EST28e05 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 28e03
		1-	1	=	∞ -	-	H.sapiens p85Mcm mRNA.
1.16 CATGCTGCACTTACT	H496114	-	,	+	-	\vdash	Human mRNA for hMCM2, complete cds.
		1	+	\dagger	+	D55716	Human B lymphoma mRNA for Plcdc4/, complete cus.
		6	1.	1=	=	+	EST14849 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to Notice.
147 CATGAATATTGAGAA	H53129	3	1	:	+	T34394	EST66942 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to route.
_		1		T	+	T47475	yb14c03.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone /1140 3.
		1		T	\vdash	T50289	yb14h08.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone /1199 5.
		1	1	1=	-		Unknown
148 CATGTCGCCGGGCGC	H890535	<u> </u>	- 6	2 2	╀	7 HS9914	Unknown
149 CATGGGGGCAGCCG	H697495	> ·	7	15	+	╀	Human inducible poly(A)-binding protein
SOCATOCCAAGAAGAA	H329737		٠]٠	2/5	╁	+	Human HepG2 3' region cDNA, clone hmd2c11.
S. CATGTTTTGATAAA	H1048113	0	~	3	╬	1	Human apolipoprotein A-II
CATCTCTCAGAGAGCC	H977034	0	9	2	\$	+	Τ
SZ CATOLOGOTTAG	H345789	0	~	2	7	4 649210	Т
CATOCCCACGO	H63325	0	_	2	_		Tiebnown
S4 CATURALICICCION	H548203	0	0	12	0	0	Outhing
155 CATGGACCICCGGGC	H921067	10	2	=	7	8 M93651	Human set gene
156 CATGTGAATCTGGGI	1371001	-					

		H884181	0	~	=	4	×	X15804	Human alpha-actinin.
À.	CATOTICITION		0	4	=	2	3	T19569	609F Homo sapiens cDNA clone 609 similar to SET protein
Š	S CATOLATCIONAC	H114144	0	0	=	[Z 11	236249	HHEA18W H. sapiens partial cDNA sequence; clone HEA18W;
Ş. 3	CATGCCCTGAGTCAG	H358581	0	0	=	0	0 AA	AA207189	zq73e07.r1 Stratagene neuroepithelium (#937231)Homo sapiens cDNA clone 647268 5' similar to TR:E16910 E16910 ENDONUCLEASE.;
20 2	161 CATGGAATTCCTCGA	H540023	0	6	E	5	<u>z</u>	92208NI	za98h04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 300631 3'.
	200000000000000000000000000000000000000						_		ze90d01.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone
							AA	AA025809 366241 3'	
									zs85h05.s1 Soares NbHTGBC Homo sapiens cDNA clone
							AA	AA279492	3,
(41	CATGGACGCGAACT	H550274	0	-	=	9	0		Unknown
701						\vdash			zk84f04.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
163	CATGGGGGACTGGGG	H631275	0	0	=		\dashv	\sim 1	489535 3' similar to SW:AS XENLA P28824 AS PROTEIN PRECURSOR
3	CATGGGAACACACAG	H656453	0	-	=	0	2 R	R48460	yj67c12.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 193814 9.
5						-			zp01c02.rl Stratagene ovarian cancer (#937219) Homo sapiens cUNA
							AA	AA173819	clone 595106 5'
	CATCTTCCCGAGCCC	H1022502	0	7	=	2	-	L19183	HUMMAC30X Human MAC30 mRNA, 3' end.
2	_			Γ			F	H61710	yr24a07.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 206196 3'.
					T		<u> </u>	H77330	yul 1f12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 233519 3.
						\vdash	Z	N69482	za 18d05.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 292905 3'.
Į.	CATCCCAGACATTGA	H598335	0	2	2	4	9 H	H41078	yp52c11.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 191060 3' simil
2		H294401	0	F	2	~	H 0	H04630	yj49g03.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 152116 5'.
٤	CATOCATTOCAGO	H719435	0	0	2	74	0	R77027	yi66e12,r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 144238 5'.
80	CATOTTOTTOGGG	H1007018	0	-	2	4	12 R	R32331	yh68g02.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 134930 3' simil
200	CATGOTGOOG	-497192	0	∞	2		1 01	T86566	yd77g07.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 114300 5' sımıl
2 2	CATGGTGAAAAAA	H753665	0	2	2	3	7 S	$\neg \neg$	transcript ch 1 1 [human, RF1, RF48 stomach cancer c
2		H506149	0	9	10	9	2	M34338	Human spermidine synthase
1 2		-835515	0	_	0	0	2 O	U03911	Human mutator gene (hMSH2)
2/2	CATGATGTAGTAGTG	H242380	0	~	02	6	7 D	D55671	Human heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein
	CATGGACCCACTACC	HS45906	0	-	01	3	_	103569	Human lymphocyte activation antigen 4F.2 large subunit
7	CATGAAATAGGTTIT	H12992	0	-	10	9	-	D53402	Human fetal brain cDNA 5-end GEN-108D03.
-								T61971	yb96f02.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 79035 5.
						\vdash	I	D61243	Human fetal brain cDNA 5'-end GEN-171G06.
						-	_	N77240	yv44d02.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 245571 5.
=	13 CATGCCCCCCCTCCT	H371131	0	0	2	H	2 1	T35761	EST90898 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to EST c
	CATOCCOSCOTOS:							1	

H6481 0 8 10 3 3 H232027 0 2 10 1 3 H610614 0 9 10 6 2	H555168 0 8 10 3 3 T31901 EST40719 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to None.	X98264 [HSMPP41 H.sapiens mRNA for M-phase phosphoprotein, mpp4, 1523bp	Unknown Unknown Dayla for K1A A0246 pene, partial cds	Human mixto to the second of t
CATGGACTGAGCTTG H555168 0 8 10 3 3 CATGAAACGCCCAAT H6481 0 2 10 1 3 CATGATGAGGCCGGG H232027 0 4 10 7 1 CATGGCCCACATCCG(A) H610614 0 9 10 6 2	T3190	X9826		D874
CATGGACTGAGCTTG H555168 0 8 10 3 CATGAAACGCCCAAT H6481 0 2 10 1 CATGATGAGGCCGGG H232027 0 4 10 7 CATGGCCCACATCCG(A) H610614 0 9 10 6		ω		7
CATGGACTGAGCTTG H555168 0 8 1 CATGAAACGCCCAAT H6481 0 2 1 CATGATGAGGCCGGG H232027 0 4 CATGGCCCACATCCG(A) H610614 0 9	0		0 7	9
CATGGACTGAGCTTG H555168 0 CATGAAACGCCCAAT H6481 0 CATGATGAGGCCGGG H232027 0 CATGGCCCACATCCG(A) H610614 0	8		4	6
CATGGACTGAGCTTG H555168 CATGAAACGCCCAAT H6481 CATGATGAGGCCGGG H232027 CATGACCCACATCCG(A) H610614	0	0	0	0
CATGGACTGAGCTTG CATGAAACGCCCAAT CATGATGAGGCCGGG CATGGCCCACATCG(A)	H555168	18481	H232027	H610614
8 2 2 =	OLLUS ACTOR COLLEGE	W CATCOACTOACC	_	

Table 3 - Transcripts decreased in colon cancer

Transcripts decreased in only colon primary tumors compared to normal colon (51 genes)

NC: Normal Colon

TU: Colon Primary Tumor

CL: Colon Cancer Cell Line PT: Pancreatic Primary Tumor

PC: Pancreatic Cancer Cell Line

_									_					_	_	_		_	_	_			-т		-	_	_	_	٦	
Company of the Company	ספווב ועשוור	Human mRNA for beta-actin.	Human mRNA for cytoskeletal gamma-actin.	Uman mRNA for cytokeratin 18.	I DOOD II WANA	Human upocolitat in mission dependent protease (small subunit)	Human mkiva ioi calcium cependent charament ch	H.sapiens CpG Island DNA genomic Masci Magnicin;	zd30d02.r1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens	Human fetal brain cDNA 5'-end GEN-141D02.	II Inknown	Uman thyroid hormone binding protein (p55) mRNA,	Dullian History anniene CDN A clone 270345 3	yyubdub.si muino sapiens contra tone training	2606a05,ri Soares tetal lung North 19 w monto saprens	Himan mRNA for argininosuccinate synthetase.	Uman mRNA for very-long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogen	Titulian inchipente child clone 173.	Human Keratillocyte Colors, cities	human alpha-tubulin mRNA, 3' eng.	AA341633 EST47188 Fetal kidney II Homo sapiens cUNA 3 end	H.sapiens Id1 mRNA.	H.sapiens mRNA for BiP protein.	Human cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIII (COX8) mRNa	times, N. A. A. T. Pace alpha-1 subunit mRNA, complete c	Huilian Marin Sons of the Saniens CDNA clone 153030 3.	galkOussulkassa yayaan saasa ahaa 183030 8'	yj59c04.rl Homo sapiens cDNA cione 133030 2 :	Human Heart cDNA, clone 3NHC0042.	
	PC Accession	11 X00351	75 YOA008	20000	207 VIZ003	_	46 X04106	32 265513	12 W61077	Т	Т	7	14 JUZ/83	20 N33042	20 W07627		_	8 1743082	5 D29146	39 K00557		_	7	$\overline{}$	7	_	27 RS0350	R50013	C02981	
	PT P	٤	4	╅	+	2	37 4	9	╁	╀	+	+	47	91	24	╄	+	듸	_ e	4	╁	╁	0 5	<u></u>	٥	_	61	-	T	1
	CL	100		4	245	36	38	42	+	+	┿	4	39 '	24	╀	+	<u>,</u>	9	36	۱۶	3 2	1	s :	<u>=</u>	2	<u>8</u>	26	\vdash	1	1
	5	╀	+	+	83 2	23	27	╀	╀	+	-+	2	6	6	╀	┿		12	~	╀	+	╢.	4	7	7	ν.	1	+	\dagger	1
	NC C	+	-	2	137 8	64	19	╁	┿	+	+	47	46	46	+	+	42	우	Q Q	+	2		2	8	33	33	ő	+	\dagger	1
	-	+	1	H468434 1	H263478	\vdash	6000	\dagger	13/4	+	H427848	H349801	H387107	Ş	2	H150053	H28235	H615802	1980	\dagger	+	1	+	H937452	H755160	H826831	13503511	11,00201		
			CATGGCTTTATITGT	CATGCTAGCCTCACG	CATCOA A ACCATORA		4 CATGCTTCCAGCTAG	CATGCCCAGIIGCI	6 CATGGATGACCCCC	7 CATGCTGTACAGACA	* CATGCGGACTCACTG	A PULLULULULULULULULULULULULULULULULULULU	CATOCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC	10 CATGCCTOGAAGAGG	11 CATGGCCTGGCCA1C	12 CATGAGCAGGAGCAG	13 CATCA ACCTGCAGGG	CATOMOCOCOCA	14 CA IGGLGGCCCCIGCA	15 CATGTGGGGAGGGA	I CATGGCTGCCCTTGA	CATGTGGCCATCTGC	A TGCGTTCCTGCGG	CATGTGCATCTGGTG	CAIGING COTOTT	20 CAIGGIGACTECT	21 CATGIAGCICIATOS	22 CATGGTGCGCTAGGG		
		**	L	Ľ	Л,				匚	Ľ	Ľ	Т,	1		Ξ	1		Ξ1	_	L		_ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ					_	<u></u>	<u> </u>	1

				1	-	+	-	1	ECT 20445 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to ubiquinol
+							_		Anthome c reductase, 6,4 kDa.
	DOTOTO CONT.	H694767	28	9	\dashv	┪	1	131329	
<u>ن</u> 2	23 CATGGGGCGCTGTGG	H382130	27	9	12	3 19	\neg	T	24311 - 1 Homo caniene CDNA clone 207189 5' simil
24 C/	24 CATGCCTCCAGIAC	1788677	27	5	14	8 7	\neg	1	yr34011.11 molito sapiens
25 C/	25 CATGCCTGTGACAGC	7886811	24	5	∞	17 1	11 W		02/cus.rl soares tean near the complete cds.
7) 92	26 CATGTCACAGTGCCI	1000000	150	-	╀	<u> </u>	13 1.2		Human G I Pase (moc) moves, complete cds
27 C	27 CATGAATAAAGGCTA	H49320	1 5	-	12	15 2	25 D4	D45887	Human mRNA for calmodulin, Compress 23
28 0	28 CATGTTGTTGAA	H1031927	3 6		╀	191	12 N6	N62815	
29 C	29 CATGAAGGTAGCAGA	H441/9	3 7	-	╀╌	╀	Т	R68653	١
ا د	10 CATGGTGTTGGGGGT	H769707	7	╷	╁	╀	7	Γ	H.sapiens mRNA for uridine phosphorylase.
3 5	SU CATGTGCAGCGCCTG	H936344	71	- -	1	╁	1	Γ	vn54c02.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 172226 3' simil
<u> </u>	ST CATCATGGGAG	H238697	2	7	,	+	1		FST17149 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to None.
<u>کار</u> کار	Algalogona	H608326	20	-		+	\neg		Himan gene for alpha 1 globin.
	33 CATGOCCAGACAC	HS15990	20	0	=	+	\neg		Himan inn-B mRNA for JUN-B protein.
<u>ب</u>	34 CATGC11C11GCCCC	H86453	61	7	7	22	<u>د</u> د		190 08 at Home capiens CDNA clone 156038 3.
35 C	35 CATGACCCACGICAG	1100469	ĕ	-	4	5	8 R		ylydedds i mollid sapiens o'm A clone 153787 3'
36	36 CATGGGCTGCCTGCC	H000470		1	T	-	<u>%</u>	R48449	yj67b10.51 Homo sapiens Color Cience 154751 21
+				1	t	-	2	R52128	yj72b03.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA ciolic 17.25 5.
+			ŀ	1	1	-	14 X	X12910	Human Na+,K+ ATPase gene exons 1 - 3 (aipna 111 13
	GTOUCHOUSE	HS67660	<u>~</u>	7	=	+			Thknown
	CATGOATGAATCCGG	H581847	17	-	m	7	Т	70107	Hanjens HCG I mRNA.
2	A LUCATIONAL COOL	H153109	91	7	=	7		00010	It consists norin (nor) mRNA, complete cds and tr
39	CATGAGCCCGACCAC	03.77.21	19	7	12	۳	12	L08666	Homo sapicits point (Poi)
9	40 CATGGTTCAGCTGTC	H//4/00	1	1	000	9	7	U04627	Human 78 KDa gastini-uniding process
=	CATGCCTCGCTCAGT	H383443		-	, ~	0	0	U17077	Human BENE mRNA, partial cos.
: =	CATGCAAATAAAAGT	H265219	2	- -		-	-	U28369	Human semaphorin V mKNA, complete cus.
1 5	41 CATGCCCCCCCA	H940378	<u>- </u> :	- •	• •	,	\top	D12038	Human HepG2 3'-directed Mbol cDNA, clone \$150.
; ?	AA CATGCAGTGGCCTC	H601752	<u>- </u> :	٥	2		T	U77396	Human TNF-alpha inducible responsive element incom.
	CATGCTCGCCTGAA	H502137	4	<u>-</u>	1	, =	1	729093	H. sapiens EDDR1 gene for receptor tyrosine killase.
7	CATGGCCCATTGGAG	H611305		-\	9	1	Т	T94990	ye38a04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 119962 3.
9 :	TO CATO A GA A A A CCTC	H32792	[2	1	1	1	Т	N69310	za25g05.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 293624 3.
=	CALGARGERIA		_			†	+		7586603.51 Soares senescent fibroblasts NbHSF Homo sapiens Color
							_=	N98502	clone 310492 3'
			1:	١	1	٢	4	F18838	H.sapiens EST sequence (007-X1-01) from skeletal in
87	48 CATGGAATGATTTCT	H538878	<u>-</u>	1	<u>,</u>				z/21610.s1 Stratagene NT2 neuronal precuisor 33,233
		11/21/23	2			3	80	AA226928	cDNA clone 664027 3
49	49 CATGGCCTGGTCCTT	17177H	=======================================	0	L	-	i l	M60047	Human heparin omunig process (1977)
8	SO CCATGGCCCACACAG	Holon	-	1					

zc45e09.r1 Soares senescent fibroblasts NbHSF Homo 2 W52456 H671052 SI CATGGGATTCCAGTT . .

Transcripts decreased in both colon primary tumors and colon cancer cell lines compared to normal colon (130 genes)

NC: Normal Colon

TU: Colon Primary Tumor

CL: Colon Cancer Cell Line PT: Pancreatic Primary Tumor PC: Pancreatic Cancer Cell Line

														_							_		_					7
Gene Name	Human mRNA for cytokeratin 8.	H. sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (002T15)	n La Cara	inchendrial FST sequence (009-T1-21) f	Lisablens milocifornal fall Colors (CA DD) mRNA	M10050 Human liver fatty acid binding protein (1.001) missing	c-erbB3=receptor tyrosine kinase (alternatively sp	H caniens mitochondrial EST sequence (1-t-02) from	04c01 r2 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 60480 5'.	139321 Jacob 1 Homo Sapiens cDNA clone 160776 3.	UTIMASSO 706 Human colon 3 directed Mbol cDNA, HUMGS02706,	10MO302103	D25586 clone cm 1073.	ye09b02.s1 Homo sapiens culta cione 117125	H.sapiens mRNA for M6 antigen.	Milias Human ferritin H chain mRNA, complete cds.	Himan secretory protein (P1.B) mRNA, complete cds.	It	H.Sapiens III. Spring Constant Clone 242081 5' similar to SP: A39484	yvu/nuy.ri nulliu sapicilis 22 APOPTOSIS PROTEIN RVPI.	A39484 ANDNOOLIN TO Sequence (011-T1-13) f	H, sapiens mitocinoidi iai Edit adami	Human mRNA for Keratin 19.	2b05a11,r1 Soares fetal lung NDHL19 w molilo sapiciis Communication of the communication of t	301148 5' similar to gb: V00567 BETA-2-MICKOULOBULITY		zo31h04.s1 Stratagene colon (#93/204) notino saprens con contraction and contraction contraction and contraction c	AA 143804 588535 3'
Accession	X12882				F16940	M10050	56193		117700	128861	2/0571		D25586	T96160	X64364	M11146	15303		X93036	•	H93844	F17001	Y00503			W16632		AA143804
A Da	199	+	4	-	235	6	+	4-	+	;	†			Г	2	18	<u>;</u>	7	<u>=</u>		33	139	219	Γ		139		
12	-}-		<u>.,†</u>	7	43 2	-	╀	┰	十	7	+				2	-	-+-	=	32		40	8	15			340		
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	힐	7			t	†	1	<u>≈</u>	H153361 3	H545828 2				+		25	H1026814	H479577	十		H224923	1031601	P/C1/7H	H544012			H782013	
	Tag Sequence T	LEATGCCTCCAGCTAC	CATOCTA AGACTTCA	2 CALOCIANDACTON	CATGGCCCAGGICAC	4 CATGACCTTGGCCA	CATGACATTGGGTGA	CATCCCGA A ACCCTG	CALGOCOTTACAAA	CATOACCCAAGATA	* CATGOACCO					O LATGGCGGGTGGGC	CATCAGGGTTTCC	10 CATOTTOCOCTOCA (or C)	11 CATGCTCCACCOAR (SEC.)	12 CATGGCAGGCCICA		13 CATGATCGTGGCGGG	14 CATGCAAGCATCCCC	15 CATGGACATCAAGTC			16 CATGGTTGTGGTTAA	

							Plant AMA characteristics of the characterist
		-	+	-	\vdash		z183108.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens CD14A Clone
				_		AA088704 511239 3'	511239 3'
	11404117	P119	12	54	60	_	yj23g11.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 149636 5.
30 CATGCGAGGGGCCAG	115050	┼	╀╌	-	_		2063d03.s1 Stratagene pancreas (#93/208) Hollio sapiens Corre
						AA15871:	AA158715[591557 3'
		-	_	Н	-	T08562	EST06454 Homo sapiens cDINA clone (#017708) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
			-	\vdash	_		zm21a12.s1 Stratagene panereas (#73/200/ 1101115 orp.
					-	AA07884	
A & A COTT A A TOTAL	H790417	=	9		0	-+	
31 CATGIAAATTUCAAA	H686762	=3	36	48	45 4	43 103191	Human profilm minch, Company alkali lipht chain mRNA
32 CATGGGCIGGGGC	H761359	109	22	30	1 19	111 U02629	Human smooth muscle in yosin and an ingen
33 CATGGTGCIGAA1GG	H758243	107	2	36	34 8	82 X07059	Human M4-50 mKNA 101 nch cuss 1 mmsh from
34 CATGGTGCACTUAGC	H1017614	107	=	4	3	37 F15592	H.sapiens mitochondrial E.S. 1 Sequence Consequence CONA clone
35 CATGTTTAACGGCCG	11032017			\vdash			2174e07.s1 Stratagene colon (#93/204) Holling Saprens
	U157770	106	12	_	3	6 AA05366	AA053660 510372 3' similar to contains Alu repetitive eletteri.
36 CATGCCCTCCCGAAG	H3371727	3	+	+	\vdash		HUMGS04077 Human colon 3 directed Movel Colors, 11011255 55 15
						D25711	
		1	+	\dagger	+		
		301	<u>~</u>	72	- 41	27 256800	
37 CATGAGGTGGCAAGA	H1/8/33	3 3	1=	10	0	0 M95174	Human guanylin mRNA, complete cds.
38 CATGATACTCCACTC	H204104		. ;		╀	16	Unknown
39 CATGCTCGCGCTGGG	H484987		3	+	╁	2	yn01b01.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 167113 5' similar to 5F:2K /83.1
	71310	Ş	2	78	37	65 R90863	_
40 CATGGGGGCAGGGCC	H09/214	3	;	+	╀╌	T24702	
		1	1;	15	٣	87 X95404	H.sapiens mRNA for non-muscle type colitin.
41 CATGGAAGCAGGACC	H533666	2	3 8	;	; ; ;	╂╌	_
	H338569		3	3 5	3	╁	+-
41 CATGACACAGCAAGA	H70211	74	1	*	1	╁	$\overline{}$
	7007	07	٥	_		0 N69361	
44 CATGAGAATAGCTTG	H134304	â	1	1		✝	£
						AA0159	AA015918 360475 3' similar to contains Alu repetitive element
		-					
						H26689	p repetitive element; contains TAKI repetitive element;
	+	-					zr79h I .si Soares Minimir u Si Monto Septembria
TOOOTOTO	H424875	89	6	9	~	23 AA256	AA256365 similar to WP:C33A12./ CEU2533
45 CATGCGCIGIGGGGI					i		

CDNA	WA7157 clone 174716 3	Lkonma et Coares cenescent fibroblasts NbHSF Homo sapiens cDNA	Z090103.51 Sodies sellescelli licroplasis regions of property of colone 3 10877 3'	17.72. C19.1.2 1 Homo coniene cDNA clone 126791 3	KU/159	0 0 L02785	3 6 UI1862	1 2 N93240 2b68b06.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 308723 3.	NIB1986 Normalized infant brain, Bento Soares Homo sapiens cDNA	T16906 3'end.	yu22h07.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 234589 3' similar to	H78256 SP:SBP_MOUSE P17563 SELENIUM-BINDING	EST47523 Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to Selentum-	T32362 binding protein, liver.	3 0 V00493	7 14	15 15 3 X51346 Human jun-D mRNA for JUN-D protein.	10 11 7 R34039 Jyh83f04.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 136351 5.	1103961	R33498 Jyh83f04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 136351 3'.		0 0 0 AA053043 510082 5'	15 1 30 F17394 [H.sapiens mitochondrial EST sequence (007T13) from		15 8 31 X15505 Human mRNA for pancreatic trypsinogen III.	H14641	13 32 8 M20469 Human brain-type clatinin light-chain o illingth,		8 11 8	1 0/9/23	14 14	14 22 24 H11216 ym14106.11 H01110 Saptetis CDNA clone 231135 3.	H521/6 ytto5ino.st riving septems controlled for 60% 21	TANS 19 1/20250 Homo sapiens Culty Livie Volue
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						H314109	4731	1769	+						H344474	0554	H87386	03136160	4730103			11862097	H723890	H977640	H650847	H929299	H686744		H800074	HS45514	H673210	H41344		
		-				46 CATGCATAGGTTTAG	40 CATOCCOACCACA	4) CATOCCONCENSOR	48 CATGAGCICITOGAG						100000	49 CA I GCCCAACOCOCI	7	SI CAIGACCCCCCCCCC	52 CATGATGCGGGAGAA			0 * * O D D O T O D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	SI CATGLCAGCIOCAAC	S4 CATGGTANGIGTON	S CATOTOTOTOTO	SO CATGTGACTGACAGA	S CATCGGCTGGCCTG	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	49 CATGTAATCCCAGCA	AN CATGGACCAGTGGCT	KI CATGGCACCGTGCT	62 CATGAAGGACCTTT		

AA30309 ESTIT2900 Literal known spiens CDNA clone 2645967				-	+	\vdash	-	-		
CATGGCAGCTCCTGT H599903 43 8 17 24 13 W02429 2								AA	303091 E	ST12940 Uterus tumor I Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end
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CATGACAACCCCA H65878 42 16 7 12 11 W37827 5 U03106 H65878 42 16 7 12 11 W37827 5 U03106 H65878 42 16 7 12 11 W37827 5 U03106 H65878 42 16 7 12 11 W37827 5 U03106 H65878 42 16 7 12 11 W37827 5 U03106 H65878 40 12 0 3 0 U51478 6 U03107 6 U	ુ છ	ATGGCAGCTCCTGT	HS99903	2	+		+	+		x44c11.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 264596 3'.
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CATGAATCACAAATA H53508 40 12 0 3 0 T11144 AA058357 CATGAGGATGGTCCC H167606 40 11 4 4 5 AA143765									A194497	628924 3' similar to contains Alu repetitive element
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	L.,							~	4A179299	612377 3

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					-	_		72	zk10e12.s1 Soares pregnant uterus indring sapiens een men ja
							AA	AA029975 470158 3'	0158 3'
		0184840	۶	9	15	32 2	22 M	M75161 H	H. sapiens granulin mRNA, complete cds.
<u>S</u>	89 CATGGGAGGTGGGG	H1003970	i s	-	\vdash	9	17 T3	_	gblU53204[HSU53204 Human plectin (PLECT) mKINA, Compress Co.
8	90 CATGTTCCACIAACC	H752297	62	-	3	6	3 T60	T60135 y	yc22a06.s1 Homo sapiens culva cione o 1334 3.
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	-	-						Т30403 п	mRNA
\dashv			T	T	\vdash	-	-		yh39a12.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 132094 3 siiiiiiai to go.D.2012.
		H084414	59	2	0	<u>~</u>	0 R	R23595 R	RIBONUCLEASE PANCKEATIC PRECONSON (11011111)
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						_	Ž	R69445 H	KIBONUCLEASE FAINCHEATION 145060 1's similar to gb: D26129
				T	-	-			(84h0) st Homo sapiens culting Hogge Hilliam to Bernard Hilliam to Ber
_					_		~	R79191 F	RIBONUCLEASE PANCKEATIC PRECURSON (HOMOTO):
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			1	Ť	t	+	+		zy35h12.rl Soares ovary tumor NbHOT Homo sapiens cunn cione
							_		755687 5' similar to TR:G459890 G459890 OVEREXPRESSED IN
				,		_		410047	A A A I DOA'T TESTICULAR TUMORS
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		,					₹	1130551	AA130551 TESTICULAR TUMURS.
					Γ				NA Clone
			I				\vdash		zd33c10.s1 Soares fetal heart NoHH19W Homo sapiciis CO132 closic
			ę	~	_	~	4 >	W68230	342450 3' similar to contains Alu repetitive element
94	CATGCACCTGTCATC	H286420	ş	•	,	+	╁	_	yp90a02.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 194666 3' similar to contains Aid
								R89822	repetitive element;
							-		and AMO
									zk69e08.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
							_₹	A053322	AA053322 488102 3' similar to contains element MER's repetitive element
		AC805311	15	<u> </u> -	-	77	1	V00594	V00594 Human mRNA for metallothionein from cadminit-ucated cons
8	95 CATGGATCCCAACTG	1700/CH	1			T	-		yp21d05.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 1880/3 3 silling to Ec. 32322
		US10123	27		٠	6	. 9	H43742	EZRIN PNA for autative carboxylesterase
96	% CATGCTTAGAGGGG	30000	5		-	-	0		emb/Y09616/HSICE H.sapiens mixing to Permit
6	CATGATGGCCCATAC	C78877H	3/5	1		2	0	V00497	Human messenger RNA for beta-globin.
8	98 CATGGCAAGAAGTG	H391664							

	07701011	2.5	-	-	=	12 X656	X65614 IH. sapiens mRNA for calcium-binding protein S100P.
99 CATGTACCICIGALI	1000.00	1	1	+	: -	╀	
100 CATGATGATGCACC	H233106	97	5	7	+	7	LITEORO HUSSED CARM H saniens mRNA for adenosine
	U1014566	25	~	-	4		triphosphatase, calcium
101 CA1G11C101AGCCC	11300507	3 2	· -	, ,	-	3 T99568	ye65c02.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 122594 5'.
102 CATGCCIGICIGCCA	1300000	1	1	+	+	1	
				\dagger	╁	<u> </u> -	gb AA347726 AA347726 EST54132 Fetal heart II Homo sapiens cDNA
102 CATGTATGATGAGCA	H844682	23	4	0	_	0	5' end similar to transmembrane secretory component
104 CATGCTGGCAAAGGT	H500747	23	0	0	0	Н	
INSCATIGATICCOA	H517078	23	4	4	11		
106 CATGCTTGACATACC	H516402	22	0	0	7	2 X68277	H.sapiens CL 100 mRNA for protein tyrosine phosphase
107 CATGGCTGGCACATT	H649492	22	~	9	0	0 M82962	$\neg \tau$
INSCATGTCTGAATTATG	H909556	12	_	_		1 X16354	_
							H.sapiens mRNA for Gal-beta(1-3/1-4) GICNA carpna-2,3-
	H657554	21		_	<u></u>	3 X74570	
109 CA LGGGAAGAGCACI	1001001		+	1			yo45d01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 180865 3' similar to contains
₹ UU UU AAR OO	H646998	20	2	-	_	0 R87768	
110CA IGGC I CI I CCCCA	2000			1	<u> </u>		yo36g07.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 180060 3' similar to contains
						R85880	
JA JOSTATA A CT.	1114245	2	2	0	4	3 L20826	
III CAIGAAAICI GGCAC	11802708	2	1	6	-	7 ZS0751	
112 CATGTAATTIGCATT	1907 100	1	,		t	U77085	ī
				T	\vdash	V07909	Т
	072620	Ē	1-	-		2 R48529	۲
113 CATGGTGGGGGCGC	2000		1	+	+		EST10a24 Clontech adult human fat cell library HL1108A Homo
A OTOTOOT ATTOUT S	H998127	12	0	•	_	0 T27534	
ווייראומוואומומיא	1751990	-2	-	~	4	0 T86124	
115 CATGGGAGAAACAGC	1,00001		1	1	T	╁	1
						AA13	AA131008 587000 3'
						R49945	45 lyj58g11.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 152996 3'.
						T57044	44 ya84h01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 68401 3'.
	H328787	12	-	0	0	0	
TIS CATOCOMICA TISSES	HI78299	13	0	0	0	0	2 92133 2001 AMG
110 CATOROTOACTORS	H609654	9	0	0	0	0	gb R73013 R73013 yj94a09.rl Homo sapiens CUNA clone 1303/0 3.
118 CA100CCA1CC1CC1							i

					İ		-		:
		U1010700	2	-	0	4	4	M69013	Juman guanning muchoning commission
611	119 CATGTTTCTCGICGC	72207011	1	-		 	0	_	Unknown
130	20 CATGTCAGAGCGCTG	H800//0	+	+	+	-	-		yv72h06.s1 Soares fetal liver spicen INFLS riving
					_				cDNA clone 248315 3' similar to contains element PTR/ repetitive
		710700111			_		7	N58523	element
2	111 CATGTTCCGCGTTCC	H100014	-	+	1	1			Inknown
- -	1 CATOTACGE CONTINUE	H814011	4	-	5	5	<u> </u>		Intraction
	CALCINCTON	H477216	14	0	_	4	\dashv		Clinical priority antipen mRNA (CEA), complete cds.
2.	123 CATOC I CAGNACTICA	H662543	2	_	0	-	1	M29540	Human calculocition of the colon 1 directed Mbol con A, HUMGS04154,
2	CATGGGACIAAAIGA								HOMOSO4134 Author Colon School
		H653988	12	0	0	0	_	D25786	D25786 clone cm0215.
125	125 CATGGCTTGGGGAII	20,55011							yc36e02.rl Homo sapiens cDiva cloud carry 3
								T73613	LIVER CARBOXYLESTERASE PRECURSUR
		0017011	2	-	0	0	-		Unknown
1	PALCAACTOCCAACTGCC	H80130	3	,	,	,	,		ph/T956151T95615 ye40e03.s1 Homo sapiens CUINA CIONA 12022
2	COLOGICA	H491894	12	0	0	7	,		101.11.1 Ct. 12.12.10 NT2 neuronal precursor 937230 Homo sapiens
127	127 CATGCIGAACLICCC					_			Zriybi i.si ətiqtağcıle in z ildi ağıdı.
		2011201	=	0	0	7	0	4A226797	AA226797 cDNA clone 663837 3
128	128 CATGCAAGAGTTTCT	7011/7H	:	1	T				zq97h01.s1 Stratagene N12 neuronal precuisor 23,223 :: 30 zq97h01.s1
								AA218730	AA218730 CDNA clone 649969 3'
					1	T	1		vn57f10,r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 191563 5 similar to go. M17005
_									THIN OR A SCOCIATED ANTIGEN L6 (HUMAN);
		H743610	=	0	0	∞	~	H381/8	I UNION-PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
125	129 CATGGTCCGAGTGCA	3776	=	٥	c	0	0		Unknown
Ĕ	130 CATGTTTGGTTTCAC	H1043443	=						

cell lines compared to normal colon (78 genes) Transcripts decreased in only colon cancer

NC: Normal Colon

TU: Colon Primary Tumor CL: Colon Cancer Cell Line PT: Pancreatic Primary Tumor PC: Pancreatic Cancer Cell Line

L									zo80f04.s1 Stratagene ovarian cancer (#937219) Homo sapiens
								AA165679	AA165679 cDNA clone 593215 3'
									zv40a02.s1 Soares ovary tumor NbHOT Homo sapiens cDNA clone
	CATGTATAGTCCTCT	H838494	20	7	_	6	4	AA411012 756074 3'	756074 3'
-	-1-								zl92g08.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
								AA133595 512126 3'	512126 3'
									zt56b12.s1 Soares ovary tumor NbHOT Homo sapiens cDNA clone
								AA292774 726335 3	726335 3'
45	CATGGGTCCTCTCTT	H710520	20	7	2	2	2	R53216	yj73h02.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 154419 5' simil
. 6	CATGATGGCTTGAT	H240121	19	4	0	3	3	D20113	Human HL60 3'directed Mbol cDNA, HUMGS01086, clone
5	CATGCTGCCCCCAT	H496981	61	5	0	-	4		Unknown
48	CATGITCICIACACA	H1013522	61	4	-	8	2	U35048	Human TSC-22 protein mRNA, complete cds.
8	CATGAAGAAGCAGGG	H33355	<u>~</u>	4	7	2	∞		yj05g03.rl Homo sapiens cDNA clone 147892 5'.
Ş	CATGAGTAGGTGGCC	H183018	81	<u>=</u>	7	17	1	D51021	Human fetal brain cDNA 3'-end GEN-007D07.
3 5	CATGACAGTGTGT	H77551	<u>∞</u>	~	3	0	8	_	Human DNA for putative protein kinase.
: 0	CATGGGAAAAGTGGT	H655547	81	13	3	70	_	M11465	Human alpha-1-antitrypsin mRNA, complete cds.
: \$	CATGAAGAAGCTC	H32926	17	4	0	~	_	R78188	yi81g01.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 145680 5'.
3	CATGACACCCATCAC	H70965	=	4	0	0	0	M22406	Human intestinal mucin mRNA, partial cds, clone SM
: 2	CATGAGATCCAAGG	H144707	17	82	0	0	0	T24507	EST082 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 3E6
?.	מפוניסססוניסטוניס								za63a11.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 297212 3' similar to
								N79237	PIR:S49589 S49589 cortical granule lectin - African clawed frog;
								T31354	EST30893 Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end similar to None
١	CATCAATAGTTTCCC	H52214	91	4	0	0	0	H54696	yq92e02.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 203258 3' simil
2	CATCCACAAAGCATC	H295060	91	6	0	0	0	M22430	Human RASF-A PLA2 mRNA, complete cds.
<u>. ا</u>	CATOCATACCATAG	H654976	2	4	7	~	-	AA374631	AA374631 EST86866 HSC172 cells I Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end
2.	CA100C1110C1110					T			zn93g08.r1 Stratagene lung carcinoma 937218 Homo sapiens
								AA137163	cDNA clone 565790 5'
						1			zk10f05.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA
								AA029320	AA029320 clone 470145 3'
	A TITUE OCTOCATICA	11948543	2	2	6	-	0	D25681	Human colon 3'directed Mbol cDNA, HUMGS04047, clon
	CATOLOCALION					T			zr72g02.s1 Soares NhHMPu S1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 668978
								AA253331	3'
								H05110	yl75f07.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 43778 3'.
5	TTJJTSJTVJJJTV	H341720	2	∞	-	-	9		Unknown
3	CATOCCATCATO	H529013	14	12	0	0	0	AA297150	AA297150 EST112734 Colon I Homo sapiens cDNA 5' end
9	CATGGAACAGCICAC	11747012				1			

CATGGGGTACTACTC H593406					ŀ	f	-	-		
CATGGGCTACGTCC H685406 14 4 0 1 0 11835 2 H1835 3 CATGGCGCTACCTCC H354776 14 7 1 5 2 H1835 3 CATGCCGGCTCCTC H35776 13 9 0 9 8 U66894 9 CATGCAATAAATA H176584 13 9 0 9 8 U66894 9 0 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>+</td> <td>+</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>Human kallikrein mRNA, complete cds, clone clone p</td>				1	1	+	+	1	1	Human kallikrein mRNA, complete cds, clone clone p
CATGCCGGCTCCTC H1354776 14 7 1 5 2 H185914 CATGAGGTACTACTA H17684 13 9 0 9 8 U66894 CATGCAATAAATTA H265232 13 3 0 1 0 D25996 CATGCTGTAAAAAA H503809 13 6 0 1 1 D25996 CATGCTGTAAAAAAA H503809 13 6 0 1 1 D25996 CATGGTTCAATCCT H74358 13 3 0 2 0 AA071520 CATGGTTCAATAAAGCCTT H49304 12 4 0 0 D11499 CATGGGAAGGTTAC H658173 12 2 0 1 1 140996 CATGGAAGAGTTAC H617933 12 2 0 0 0 0 114369 CATGGGTGGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0<	1	CATGGGGCTACGTCC	H695406	4	4	 	 	 		45410 s1 Homo saniens cDNA clone 51262 3'.
CATGGGAATAAATA H176584 13 9 0 9 8 U66894 1 1 0 D25996 1 1 0 D25996 1 1 0 D25996 1 0 0 D15996 1 0 0 D15996 1 0 D25996 1 0	_	VATIGOCOCOTO	11354776	14	7	-	<u>~</u>	7		1.01-10-11 Conservation Library NHHPU Homo sapiens cDNA
CATGGGAAGGTTACTA H176584 13 9 0 9 8 U66894 13 0 1 0 D25996 13 0 1 1 0 D25996 13 0 1 1 1 1 0 D25996 13 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1								2 PZ03C0 V	(01e10.31 Journal profession and 14 July 19 Ju
CATGGGTACTACTA H176584 13 9 0 9 8 U66894 1					1	\dagger	\dagger	+	י יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	2117c12 rl Soares testis NHT Homo sapiens cDNA clone 731638 5'
CATGGGTACTACTA H176584 13 9 0 9 8 U66894 13 9 0 1 0 D23996 13 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1									4 S	similar to gb:M61900 Human prostaglandin D synthase gene,
CATGAGGTACTACTA H176584 13 9 0 9 8 U66894 13 10 1 0 D25996 13 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1									A405031 c	omplete cds. (HUMAN);
CATGAGGTACTACTA H176584 13 9 0 9 8 U66894 CATGCAAATAAATTA H1765232 13 3 0 1 0 D23996 CATGCAAATAAAAA H503809 13 6 0 1 1 0 D23996 CATGGTTCAAAAAAA H503809 13 3 0 2 0 AA071520 CATGGTTCAATAAACCCTT H74358 13 3 0 2 0 AA086292 CATGGGAATAAAGCCTT H658173 12 4 0 0 0 D11499 CATGGGAAGGTTAAC H658173 12 2 0 0 0 D11499 CATGGGAAGGTTAAC H658173 12 2 0 0 0 D114631 CATGGGATGGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGGGTGGCCCCGGG H715099 11 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGCCCTTGCACTC					+	+	\dagger	+	G	gblU66894 HSU66894 Human epithelium-restricted Ets protein ESX
CATGGGAACTACTA H176384 13 7 0 1 0 D25996 CATGCAAATAAATA H265232 13 3 0 1 0 D25996 CATGCTGTAAAAAA H50389 13 6 0 1 1 1 CATGGTTCAATCCT H74358 13 3 0 2 0 AA071520 CATGGATCAATAAAGCCTT H49304 12 4 0 0 0 D11499 CATGGAATAAAGCCTT H678173 12 2 0 1 0 T16031 CATGGGAAGGTTTAC H658173 12 2 0 3 2 N73711 CATGGGAGGTGGCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 3 2 N73711 CATGGGAGGTGGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 3 1 T4126 CATGGGAGGTGGCCCGGG H715099 11 6 0 3 3 T41121 CATGGCTGCCCTTCACTT H817952 12 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGGCTGGACGCCCAACCA H611590 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCAACCA H611590 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H611590 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H611590 11 1 0 0 0 0 CATGGCCGCCCAACCA H616862 11 1 0 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H6616862 11 1 0 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H6616861 11 1 0 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H6616861 11 1 1 0 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H6616861 11 1 1 0 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H6616861 11 1 1 0 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H6616861 11 1 1 0 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H6616861 11 1 1 0 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H6616861 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				:						IRNA,
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CATGCAATAAATTA H265232 13 3 0 1 0 D25996 CATGCTGTAAAAAA H503809 13 6 0 1 1 CATGGTTCAATCCCT H774358 13 3 0 2 0 AA01520 CATGGTTCAATCCCT H774358 13 3 0 2 0 AA01520 CATGGGTTCAATCCCT H658173 12 2 0 1 0 11499 CATGGGATGGCTTAT H670333 12 2 0 1 0 11699 CATGGGATGGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 3 2 N7371 CATGGGTGGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGGCTGGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGGCTGGGACCCTACC H817952 12 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGGCCCCAACCA H440966 11 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>nRNA, complete cds</td></t<>										nRNA, complete cds
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CATGCTGTAAAAA H503809 13 6 0 1 1 CATGCTGTAAAAAA H74338 13 3 0 2 0 AA071520 CATGGTTCAATCCT H774338 13 3 0 2 0 AA086292 CATGGAAAAAGCCTT H49304 12 4 0 0 0 D11499 CATGGAAGGTTAAT H670333 12 2 0 1 0 T16031 CATGGGATGGCTTAT H670333 12 2 0 1 0 T16031 CATGGGATGGCCTGG H715099 12 2 0 3 2 N/3771 CATGGGATGGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 3 2 N/3776 CATGCCCTGCACCTC H817952 12 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGCCCTGGACGACCA H440966 11 4 0 2 0 0 CATGGCCCCAACCA H616862 11 1 <td>65</td> <td>CATGCAAATAAATTA</td> <td>H265232</td> <td>=</td> <td>1</td> <td>,</td> <td>- -</td> <td>, -</td> <td>+-</td> <td>Inknown</td>	65	CATGCAAATAAATTA	H265232	=	1	,	- -	, -	+-	Inknown
CATGGTTCAATCCCT H774358 13 3 0 2 0 AA071520 CATGGTTCAATCCCT H774358 13 3 0 2 0 AA086292 CATGGAATAAAGCCTT H49304 12 4 0 0 0 D11499 CATGGGAAGGTTTAC H670333 12 2 0 1 0 T16031 CATGGGATGGCTTAT H670333 12 2 0 6 1 T74426 CATGGGTGGCCCGG H715099 12 2 0 3 2 N7371 CATGGTGCTACTTC H817952 12 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGCCCTTGCACTC H817952 12 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGCCCTGGGACCA H611590 11 4 0 2 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H611890 11 2 0 0 0 0 CATGGCCGCCCTCA H616862 11 1 <td>18</td> <td>CATGCTGTAAAAAA</td> <td>H503809</td> <td>=</td> <td>1</td> <td>\$</td> <td>+</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>ze88g07.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone</td>	18	CATGCTGTAAAAAA	H503809	=	1	\$	+	-		ze88g07.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone
CATGGTTCAATCCT H774538 15 5 6 6 10 0				:	,		,		4A071520	
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CATGAATAAAGCCTT H49304 12 4 0 0 D11499 CATGGAATAAAGCCTT H658173 12 2 0 1 0 T16031 CATGGGATGGCTTAT H670333 12 2 0 3 2 N73711 CATGGGTGGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 3 2 N73771 CATGGGTGGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 3 2 N73771 CATGGCTGGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGCCCTACTACTTC H817952 12 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGCCCTACCACCA H440966 11 4 0 2 0 0 C 0										99875 3'.
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CATGAATAAAGCCTT H49304 12 4 0 0 0 D11499 CATGGGAAGGTTTAC H658173 12 2 0 1 0 T16031 CATGGGATGGCTTAT H670333 12 1 0 6 1 T7426 CATGGGTGGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 3 2 N7371 CATGGTGGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 3 2 N7371 CATGTACTGTACTTC H817952 12 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGCCCTTGCACTC H817952 12 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGCCGTGGGACCA H440966 11 4 0 2 0 0 CATGCCCCCAACCA H611590 11 2 0									AA086292	561851 3'
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CATGGGAAGGILIAC H00013 12 1 0 6 1 T7426 CATGGGATGGCTGG H715099 12 2 0 3 2 N/3771 CATGGGTGGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 3 2 N/3771 CATGGTGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 0 0 0/14631 CATGCCCTTGCACTC H817952 12 2 0 0 0 0/14631 CATGCCCTTGCACTC H360008 11 6 0 3 3 T41121 CATGCCCCCAACCA H611590 11 4 0 2 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H616862 11 2 0 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H616862 11 1 0 0 0 0 CATGGCGGGGGCCTC H666014 11 1 0 0 0 0	89	CATGAATAAAGCCII	H49304	= =	7	0	-	0		IB2474 Homo sapiens cDNA 3'end.
CATGGGATGCCTTAI H6/0355 12 2 0 3 2 N73771 CATGGGTGCCCGGG H715099 12 2 0 3 2 N73771 CATGGTGCCCGGG H817952 12 2 0 0 0 014631 CATGCCCTTGCACTC H817952 12 2 0 0 0 014631 CATGCGCTGGGACCA H440966 11 4 0 2 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H611590 11 2 0 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCGACCC H616862 11 2 0 0 0 0 CATGGCCGCGCGCCC H666014 11 1 0 0 0 0	69	CATGGGAAGGIIIAC	100001	2	-	6	6	-		yc82e01.r1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 22300 3.
CATGGGTGGCCGGG H/13099 12 2 6 6 7 890388 CATGTACTGTACTTC H817952 12 2 0 0 0 014631 CATGCCCTTGCACTC H360008 11 6 0 3 3 T41121 CATGCCCTGGACCA H440966 11 4 0 2 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H611590 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCCGCGCTCA H616862 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCGGGGCGTCA H666014 11 1 0 0 0	5		H6/0333	12	-\-	-	-	7		za61h02.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 297073 3.
CATGTACTGTACTTC H817952 12 2 0 0 U14631 CATGCCCTTGCACTC H360008 11 6 0 3 3 T41121 CATGCCCTTGCACCA H440966 11 4 0 2 0 CATGCCCCCAACCA H611590 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H616862 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCCGCGCCTC H616862 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCGGCGCTCA H666014 11 1 0 0 0	=	CATGGGTGGCCCGGG	H/ISON99	2	•	Ţ				zh75f08.s1 Soares fetal liver spleen INFLS SI Homo sapiens cuiva
CATGTACTGTACTTC H817952 12 2 0 0 U14631 CATGCCCTTGCACTC H360008 11 6 0 3 3 T41121 CATGCCGTGGACCA H440966 11 4 0 2 0 CATGGCCCCAACCA H611590 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H616862 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCCGGGCGCTC H666014 11 1 0 0 0										clone 417927 3'
CATGTACTGTACTTC H817952 12 2 0 0 0 U14631 CATGCCCTTGCACTC H360008 11 6 0 3 3 T41121 CATGCGGTGGGACCA H440966 11 4 0 2 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H611590 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H616862 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCCGGCGCTC H666014 11 1 0 0 0 0									F03786	H. sapiens partial cDNA sequence; clone c-29h08.
CATGTACTGTACTIC H817932 12 2 3 3 T41121 CATGCCCTTGCACTC H360008 11 6 0 3 3 T41121 CATGCCGTGGACCA H440966 11 4 0 2 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H611590 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCCGCGCGCCTC H616862 11 2 0 0 0 258486 CATGGGAGGCGCTCA H666014 11 1 0 0 0 0			03001011	2	,	6	0	0	U14631	Human 11 beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase type 11
CATGCCCTTGCACTC H360008 11 6 0 3 3 T41121 CATGCGGTGGACCA H440966 11 4 0 2 0 CATGCCCCCAACCA H611590 11 2 0 0 0 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H616862 11 2 0 0 0 258486 CATGGCGGCGCTCA H666014 11 1 0 0 0 0	72	CATGTACTGTACTTC	H81/927	*	ľ	·				ya31a06.s5 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 62194 3' contains Alu
CATGCCCTTUCACTC H440966 11 4 0 2 0 CATGCCGTGGGACCA H411590 11 2 0 0 0 Z58486 CATGGCCCCCAACCA H616862 11 2 0 0 0 Z58486 CATGGCGGCGCTCA H666014 11 1 0 0 0		\mathbf{I}	11360008	=	9	0	c	3	T41121	repetitive element,.
CATGGCGGTGGGACCA H611590 11 2 0 0 0 258486 CATGGCCGCCCCAACCA H616862 11 2 0 0 0 Z58486 CATGGCGGCGCTCA H666014 11 1 0 0 0	2	\neg	11440966	E	4	0	7	0		Unknown
CATGGCCCCCAACCA H616862 11 2 0 0 0 Z58486 CATGGCGGCGCTC H666014 11 1 0 0 0 0	74		0060441	: =	2	0	0	0		Unknown
CATGGGAGGCGCTCA H666014 11 1 0 0 0 0	2		Hollow	: :		-	-	0	Z58486	Unknown
H000014	2	CATGGCCGGCGCTC	H616862	= =	1	,	-	0		Unknown
	17	CATGGGAGGCGCTCA	H000014		-					

NA clone	
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1 =	ii.
9W Homo sapie	e elem
ьнні9 ж Но	petitive
I heart NbHH19W	Alu re
heart	ntains
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12c12.s1 S	3183
zd4	343
	W68073 343318 3' similar to contains Alu r
-	
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	26
	H87422
-	- 1
	ACA
	CGTI
	ידכככ
	78 CATGTCCCCGTTACA
	78

BNSDOCID: <WO___9853319A2_I_>

Transcripts increased in pancreas cancer -

£ .	SAGE Tags elevated only in Pancreatic 1 umor
	Ξ.
1	only
Table 4 - Italiact the Country	ags elevated
Table 4 -	SAGET

NC Normal Colon
Tu Colon Tumor
CC Colon Cancer Cell Line
PT Pancreatic Tumor

Γ				zk51c03.si Soares pregnant uterus NoHPU Homo sapicus Cura cione		2133c08.s1 Soares pregnant uterus North O monto sapicus contractions		zo71h12.s1 Stratagene pancreas (#93/200) numo sapiens cerim creas		zt54e04.s1 Soares ovary tumor NoHO1 Homo sapiens Course course	AA292929 33	zo78c07.s1 Stratagene pancreas (#937200) month 2078c07.s1	AA159306 pancreas (#937208) Homo							AA411599 zv16g01.rl Soares NhHMPu S1 Homo sapiens CDINA clone 733040 3	T	AA410508 zv16g01.s1 Soares NhHMPu S1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 511558	zi86g12.s1 Stratagene colon (#93/204) nonco sapiens colonical			AA132875 3' AA132876 cl Stratagene endothelial cell 937223 Homo sapiens cDNA clone		AA147677 589714 3
Accession	Evamples R 38305		AA126719	-	AA044296		AA131586	-	Examples AA157983		AA29	_	AA15	R \$4012	TK2036	102	Examples X32420	Examples X51698	Examples N70419	AA4	-	AA4	-	Examples AA115723		IAA1		AAI
	Hyan	Lvan							3 Exam								13 Exa	2 Exa	13 Exa		1		-	13 Exa	1_			_
يا هن	-	 		+		1		-				-		+	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	0	16	-		$\frac{1}{1}$		$\frac{1}{1}$	· ·			_	-
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	1	٥		\downarrow		+		+		-		+		1	\dashv		0	6	-	1	1		+		╬	<u></u>	-	
	Tag Number N	H9222		-						H9408							H9898	H13803		H14805					H2174 /	٠		
PC: Pancreatic Cell Line	Tag Sequence	I CATGAAAGCAAACCA								2 CATGAAAGCAGTTTA							£00000	3 CATGAAAGCGGGGC1	4 CATGAAATCCTGGGT	SCATGAAATGGACAAC					6 CATGAACCAGTTTGT			

			ł	-	<u> </u>		11 12 - 1 Stratagene hNT neuron (#937233) Homo sapiens cDNA clone
						A A 206883	24011112.31 SugaraBene never n
	H30689	7	==	12	Examples R51318		yg72f03.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 38681 3'
CATGAACICIIGAAG			\vdash				EST82235 Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to None
						A A 4 1 2 0 7 1	2165h12.s1 Soares testis NHT Homo sapiens cDNA clone 727271 3'
	7 1001011	~	۲	130	Examples N63154		yz37f12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 285263 3'
SCATGAACTGCTTCAA			+				yc81h04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 22603 3'
						AA150720	2146f04.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone 3049
		F	\dagger	 			zl68b12.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens
	H32405 0	6		F	Examples X07819		Human pump-1 mRNA homolog, to metalloproteinase,
9 CATGAACTT GGCCA1	L	L	T	-			Human matrilysin gene, exon 5
	H36183 5	101	121	23	Examples R72650		yj95e05.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 156512 3'
III CAI GAAGAI CCCCCC				-			150 00 1 Second Second NAHH10W Homo caniens cDNA clone
							20386U.SI 30ales Ical lical Institution of Transport Services 21 similar to CW-CITTA FCOI.I P36654 PERIPLASMIC
						170787	DIVALENT CATION TOLERANCE PROTEIN CUTA
			7	\dagger		T	viosens s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 156512 3' similar to
							SP.CYCY ECOLI P36654 C-TYPE CYTOCHROME BIOGENESIS
						R72650	PROTEIN CYCY
		-	\dagger	T			TAGE STATE OF THE
							zp61a11.s1 Stratagene endothelial cell 937223 Homo sapiens CDINA CIONE
							624668 3' similar to SW:CUTA_ECOLI P36654 FERIFLASIMIC
						AA181976	DIVALENT CATION TOLERANCE PROJEIN COLA
							Human phosphotyrosine independent ligand po 2 for tine LCK SH2 dolinain
	H43180 6	3	15	41	Examples U46751	J46751	mRNA, complete cds
II CATGAAGGGAGGGIC	-		1	27	Examples J03077	103077	Human co-beta glucosidase (proactivator) mraya
12 CATGAAGTTGCTATT	1	1_	1			M86181	Human prosaposin (PSAP) gene
						D00422	Human sphingolipid activator proteins, mRNA
		-				103015	Homo sapiens sphingolipid activator protein 1 mKNA
		+				M60255	Human mutant cerebroside sulfate activator protein
	0 572724	1 5	7	2	No Match		16 107779 1 7575
CATGAATGAAAAA	1-	4 24	1_	8	Examples N22375	N22375	yw37d01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 234401 3
11 CATGACAAACTGTGG	4	+					2n20e01.s1 Stratagene neuroepithelium ivi 2ncalvil 737234 figure saprens
						AA084643	cDNA clone 547992 3'
		$\frac{1}{2}$		1			

		-		-	-		X12454	Human mRNA for vascular anticoagulant
		+	\downarrow	+	+	1		Human placental anticoagulant protein (PAP) mRNA
		+	1	\dagger	+			Human lipocortin-V mRNA, complete cds
		+	Ţ	\dagger	\dagger			Human endonexin II mRNA, complete cds
		+	1	\dagger	\dagger			GAMMA-INTERFERON-INDUCIBLE PROTEIN IP-30 PRECURSOR
	135161		<u>~</u>	25		Examples 103909		(HUMAN)
S CATGATCAAGAATCC	017771	╬		+	1		:	EST97384 Thymus II Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to interferon,
		_		-	+		_	gamma uansuucci i
14 CATGATCAAGGGTGT	H213679	12	9 25	2	28	Examples 1009953		Human Housellia protein 10 mbNA complete cds
		-		+	\dashv		U21138	Human noosonal plotein 12 may 6, compress co.
							D14531	Human mRNA for human homologue of rat ribosomal protein
		+	$ \downarrow $	\dagger	\dagger			zm03a05.s1 Stratagene comeal stroma (#937222) Homo sapiens CUNA
	H213751	- 6	2	<u> </u>	01	Examples AA063259		clone 513008 3'
CALGAICAGGICGG		-				•		ANA and manage II transcription factor SIII p18 subunit mRNA
18 CATGATCCGGCGCA	H219750	16	7 14		\$	Examples L42856		Transport Child Clane 13a10 reverse read cog!
TOCATGATGAAACTTCG	H229502	_	0	=	₹	Examples 239242		חיאקונווו לדי שני יו שניים לי היום לי
			_		+			
		,		~	,	Examples Z25820	225820	H.sapiens mRNA for mitochondrial dodecenoyl-CoA dehydrogenase
40 CATGATGCGAAAGGC	H235331	4	_1_		1		L24774	Homo sapiens delta3, delta2-CoA-isomerase mRNA
		+	-	1	=	Examples M84711	M84711	40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S3A (HUMAN)
41 CATGATGTCTTCGTT	H2436/6	₹.	5	1	-	Evample M62403	M62403	Human insulin-like growth factor binding protein 4
42 CATGATGTCTTTTCT	H243710	+	7	=	1	Cyambin		Human insulin-like growth factor binding protein-4 (IGFBP4) gene,
							U20982	promoter and complete cds
	11744487	+=	4	44	중	Examples Z33457	Z33457	H sapiens mts1 gene.
13 CATGATGTGTAACGA	10111711	-					M80563	Human CAPL protein mRNA, complete cds
		 	 	5	-	Examples N23207	N23207	yx70b09.s1 Homo sapters convergence of the converge
11 CATGCAACTTAAAGC	H270083	-	-		1			MHOT Homo saniens clone 714188
							4 4 70 50032	2/2511.51 States Over (Control of States)
15 CATGCACCTGTCCTT	H286424	=	4	2	7	Examples	Examples AA463042	CD81 antigen
		+	_L		2	Ecomples D78703	D78203	Neurosin
TINCATGCACTCAATAAA	H291889	=	0	7		Cyambics	1162801	protease M
		\dashv	\dashv		7			

						ŀ		
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	H300971	0	0	0	10	Sxamples	Examples AA149942	2068d04.51 Stratagene pancreas (#937208) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 592039 3' similar to TR:E218488 E218488 TRYPTASE
								zp66b09.r1 Stratagene endothelial cell 937223 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 625145 5' similar to gb:M16937 HOMEOBOX PROTEIN HOX-B7
18 CATGCAGCGCCCT	H301462	4	2	2	12	3xamples	Examples AA187553	(HUMAN);contains element MER22 repetitive element Homeobox protein HOX-B7
E C E E C E E C E E C E E E E E E E E E	H307176	0	4	-		No Match		
19 CATGCAGGTIGICCI	H309109	2 6		7	12	Examples U14972		Human ribosomal protein S10 mRNA
SU CATGCAGICICION	H316857	0	3	<u></u>	12	Examples U27293		Human leukotriene A4 hydrolase gene
SICATGCATCCCGIGAC		-	1_	-				Human leukotriene A-4 hydrolase mklNA, complete cus
		-		-	-			Human leukotriene A-4 hydrolase mkNA, complete cus
BECOME	H325080	0	15	2	<u></u>	Examples X82434		H. sapiens mRNA for emerin
\$2 CATGCATTCCTCCT1	H333138	1	12	<u>∞</u>	77	Examples M88338		Human serum constituent protein (MSESS) mKNA
SICATGCCACCCCACC	9030001	= =	150	22	36	Examples U14971		Human ribosomal protein S9 mRNA
S4 CATGCCAGTGGCCCG	11337000	; -		1_		Examples L01697		Homo sapiens alpha-1 type XV collagen mkNA
55 CATGCCATTTTCTGG	H344691	101	L	- =		Examples X54079		Human mRNA for heat shock protein HSP27.
56 CATGCCCAAGCTAGC	12044CH	1					223090	H. sapiens mRNA for 28 kDa heat shock protein
		+		+	$lag{1}{2}$		X16477	Human mRNA fragment for estrogen-regulated 24k protein
		+	İ	+	\perp		S74571	estrogen receptor-related protein=27-kda heat shock protein
	00757	71	15	00	15	Examples X69392	X69392	H.sapiens mRNA for ribosomal protein L26.
57 CATGCCCATCCGAAA	H34/489	4	1		L		L07287	Human ribosomal protein L26 (RPL26) gene
	112 60000		٢	1=	25	Examples U40434	U40434	Human mesothelin or CAK1 antigen precursor mRNA
SACATGCCCCCTGCAGA	CONCCH	2						Human mRNA for pre-pro-megakaryocyte potentiating factor, complete
							D49441	cds.
	13753781	6	6	000	=	Examples U12819	U12819	Human p16-INK4 (p16) gene
SO CATGCCCGCATAGAT	104000		1	+	L		U38945	Human hypothetical 18.1 kDa protein (CDKNZA) mkNA
		+	Ţ	+	+			MTS1=multiple tumor suppressor 1/cyclin-dependent kinase 4 innioitor
							S69804	p16
		+	1	+	+		S69822	CDK41=cyclin-dependent kinase 4 inhibitor
		+	1	+	+			tumor suppressor gene, P16/MTS1/CDKN2=cell cycle cycle negative
					-		S78535	regulator beta form
	79872FH	000	2 5	14	34	Examples Z47319	247319	H.sapiens mRNA for expressed sequence tag (clone 21ff7119)
(0) CATGCCCTCCTGGGG		5	1	1				

		<u> </u>				A A 398406	2160h12.s1 Soares testis NHT Homo sapiens cDNA clone 726791 3'
	100000	†-	14	2	Examples U21049		Human DD96 mRNA
01 CATGCCGGCCCTACC	H3/0034	70	: I =		Examples X03212		KERATIN, TYPE II CYTOSKELETAL 7
62 CATGCCTGGTCCCAA	0.000		-			33	zp73f01.s1 Stratagene HeLa ceii 83 93 / 210 Hoino sapiens CD197 Conc. 625849 3'
		+	+			Т	zp35g11.s1 Stratagene muscle 937209 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 611492
	H192709	<u>ه</u>	6 2	23	Examples	Examples AA176457	3' similar to TR: G663269 G663269 BOLA
63 CATGCCTTTGAACAG		L	-				zp35e11.s1 Stratagene muscle 93/209 nonno sapiens contra cione con contra contr
	•		-				Similar to 11. Coosto Coosto
A 1 CATCOCCGACGATG	H415844	21 13	45 75		Examples	X02492	numan metreon mercon con constant con consta
AS CATCCAACAGCAA	H475429	2 5	10	=	Examples 153402	153402	yaoogozia monto articula artic
						-	2d47g08.51 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone
				_		W69493	343838 3' similar to PIR:S24168 S24168 hypothetical protein - human
		‡	2		Examples X13916	X13916	Human mRNA for LDL-receptor related protein
66 CATGCTCAACCCCC	H475478	≠ r	1	181	Examples X80335	X80335	H.sapiens (24) Ferritin H pseudogene.
67 CATGCTGAGAAACTG	H493576	۰ ۱۰	Ľ	L	Examples X04828	X04828	Human mRNA for G(i) protein alpha-subunit
68 CATGCTGAGTCTCCC	H494454	\perp	- 1	\perp	Dynmulec 1114966	1114966	Human ribosomal protein L5 mRNA
69 CATGCTGCTATACGA	H498887	2 2	_L			Tonkes	vd41g08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 110846 3'
70 CATGCTGCTGAGTGA	H499247	~ -	4 13	2			EST43791 Fetal brain I Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to steroid
			_			AA338799	hormone receptor hERR1
		1	+			H97236	yv98b06.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 250739 3'
		-	╁	10	Examples C14084	C14084	Human fetal brain cDNA 3'-end GEN-018D10
71 CATGCTGGCGCCGAT	H501337		ㅗ			D00017	Human lipocortin II mRNA
72 CATGCTTCCAGCTAA	18161CH	7 6	-			Z19574	H. sapiens gene for cytokeratin 17.
73 CATGCTTCCTTGCCT	H214077	7				X62571	H.sapiens mRNA for keratin-related protein
		T	+	1		X05803	Human radiated keratinocyte mRNA 266
	00100311	,	+	16 4		Examples X79067	H.sapiens ERF-1 mRNA 3' end.
74 CATGCTTTCTTCCT	06C7C311	3 6				Examples X51779	Human mRNA containing an Alu repeat
75 CATGGAAAAAAAA	H274789		1			X82240	H.sapiens mRNA for Tcell leukemia/lymphoma 1
	97636311	7	14	8 22		Examples V00572	Human mRNA encoding phosphoglycerate kinase.
76 CATGGAAACAAGATG	04CC7CH	L	_1_			D29018	Human keratinocyte cDNA, clone 001
		$\frac{1}{1}$	\pm	-		1,00160	Human phosphoglycerate kinase (pgk) mRNA
			001	35	Fyamples X05344	s X05344	Human mRNA for cathepsin D
77 CATGGAAATACAGTT	H527436	25			1		

			ł	-	-	1	1,011,023	Himan cathensin D mRNA, complete cds
						5		110909 3' similar to SP-R151.9
			-		- 20	Example: T00796	-	yd42103.81 Homo saprens Court clone 12000 CE00827
'S CATGGAAATGATGAG	H527929	4	ᅱ	4	<u>و</u> ا	Cyallipics		
							AA320942	EST23523 Adipose tissue, brown Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end
		1	\dagger	+	-			zp64f07.s1 Stratagene endothelial cell 93/223 Homo sapiens Colors
	7676511	,	7	_	28	Examples AA 181811		624997 3'
" CATGGAAGATGTGTG	H533430		1		-			2106c06.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens CDNA Cione
		_				/	2	191030 5 Similar to the contract of the many of the ma
a a transfer and a second	H540621	9	2	6	28	Examples L21950		Human peripheral benzoglazepine receptor tracks mach
NO CAT GGAALLITATON		-	\vdash	-	_		M36035	Human peripheral penzoulazepune receptor (ripes)
	1540677	7	1=	<u>ا</u>	12	No Match		A GEAD?
SI CATGGACAAAAAAA	1134616	10	6	=	7	Examples U19718	119718	Human microfibril-associated glycoprotein (IVIr AL 2).
SI CATGGACCACCTTTA	H343132	5 6	10	: 5	 <u>≃</u>	Examples M75165	475165	H.sapiens epithelial tropomyosin (TM1) mkNA
CATGGACCAGGCCCT	H545430) 	1	1	1		M12125	Human fibroblast muscle-type tropomyosin mRNA
		-	1	+	╁		M74817	Human tropomyosin-1 (TM-beta) mRNA, complete cds
		_	1	+	-		474002	Himan cyclin mRNA
CONTRACCCCAAGGC	HS46059	2 5		9	╛	Examples M/4072	270407	Homo capiens FK - 506 binding protein homologue
上してでもつつなりである。	H546710	31 36	2	71	ङ	Examples L3/033	13/033	122202 21 Coares parathyroid filmor NbHPA Homo sapiens cDNA clone
CAL GGACCCI GCCCI		-		_	_			203/gut.si adalea paramiji ora kamen
	H\$48062		0	13	_	Examples N90046	N90046	305810 3'
NA CATGGACCTATCTC1		+	İ	-	-			zlo6a10.s1 Soares pregnam utens mon de mano seprementa
						<u></u>	AA115048	491514 3'
	31013311	7	1	15	-	Examples M63193	M63193	Human platelet-derived endothelial cell growni lactor
NT CATGGACGGCGCAGG	CICICCH			; -	12	Examples M61764	M61764	Human gamma-tubulin mRNA,
NN CATGGACTCTCTGTT	H5548/0	-		1	=	Examples D17793	D17793	Human mRNA (HA1753) for ORF
S. CATGGAGAGCTTTGC	H339013			۱ ۵	=	Examples S68252	S68252	TIMP-1=metalloproteinase inhibitor
AN CATGGAGAGTGTCTG	H260036	\perp		+	+		X02598	EPA glycoprotein (erythroid-potentiating activity)
		+	1	+	\dagger		X03124	tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase 2
			1	+	1=	No Match		
11 CATGGAGCAGGATGA	H5618U/	<u>- </u>	L	+	+			100000 VING C000000
	H567486		0	4	13	Examples	Examples AA214523	2189c01.s1 Soares NbHTGBC Homo sapiens culva citate 062040 3
UZ CATGGAGGGAGITCC		+		-	-		N30324	yw/5d01.s1 Homo sapiens Court Cloud 2000 1
	LIS70787	10	7	+	2	Examples X70070	07007X	H.sapiens mRNA for neurotensin receptor:
1) CATGGAGTCCGGAGC	18/0/CH			0	2	Examples H57673	H57673	yr27a10.s1 Homo sapiens cDINA clone 200430.3
94 CATGGAGTTATGTTG	ווייייין וויייין	1		1	1			

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							- 12	ze12c08.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone 358766 3' similar to SW:YA94_SCHPO Q09783 HYPOTHETICAL 11.4
				_	- 1		W94333	KD PROTEIN C13G6.04 IN CHROMOSOME 1
USICATGGAGTTCGACCT	H572806	7 3	-	2	2 2	No Match		2k72d06.51 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone
			,			Examples AA046631		488363 3'
W CATGGATTAAGTGAG	H282913			+	١.		П	yq06g03.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 196180 5
		+	\pm	+	-		_	zk46c12.s1 Soares pregnant uterus North U monito saprens CD137 contra
		<u>-</u> -					8	485878 3'
	0087850	-	1	-	121	Examples U60205		methyl sterol oxidase (ERG25)
97 CATGGATTGAACCTC	1580875	15	12	12		No Match		1000
98 CATGGCAAAAAAAA	750505L			1	55	Examples X60489		Human mRNA for elongation factor 1-004.
99 CATGGCATTTAAATA	ОСКСЛОН		١.	-				H.sapiens mRNA for elongation factor 1-0cta
			-	- 5	-	Examples U08021	U08021	Human nicotinamide N-methyltransferase (NNMT) mRNA, 0
100 CATGGCCAACAAGGA	H606471	5 ·	1	3 5	1_	Examples X15256	X15256	Human mRNA for 14kDa beta-galactoside-binding lecun
101 CATGGCCCCCAATAA	H611597	-	1	+			X14829	Human mRNA for beta-galactoside-binding lectin
		+	1	+	+		104456	Human 14 kd lectin mRNA, complete cds
		+	1	+	+		S44881	HL 14=beta-galactoside binding protein
		+	1	+	-			Share saniens cDNA clone
					;	1	A A 054483	zk82d04.rl Soares pregnant tierus roun o rouns zeroma 489319 5' similar to contains Alu repetitive element
CTTACTTACTTC	H616224	0	-	m	의	Examples	Examples AA024403	2768g12.81 Soares NhHMPu S1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 668614 3
107.041.660.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.00								similar to gb:X02492 INTERFERON-INDUCED PROTEIN 6-16
		- 0		44	~	Examples	Examples AA243725	PRECURSOR (HUMAN)
103 CATGGCCGTCGGAGG	H61/891		_	7	5	Examples X13425	X13425	Human mRNA for pancreatic carcinoma market OA132-1, o
104 CATGGCCTACCCGAG	H018841	1		+	-			z102b03,s1 Soares pregnant uterus Norar O mono seprens com
	H633577	~	8	27	9	Examples	Examples AA136985	4911173'
105 CATGGCGGGG 1 GGAG		-						2170h04.51 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 510007
ながないない。	H643707	12	29 24	ı	35	Example	Examples AA053346	3' similar to gb:22150/ ELONGATION INC.
100 CATGGCTTTTCAGAC	T71889H		7	=	=	Example	Examples 045306	Human vascular endothelial growth factor B 186
		- 1	_1_	141	8	Example	Examples M38259	Human cytochrome c oxidase subunit VIb
1118 CATGGGAAAAAAA	H655361		<u>م</u>		+		M60748	Human histone H1 (H1F4) gene, complete cas
		1	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	1			

Human (clone SF1) hepatocyte growth factor (HGF) Human (clone SF2) hepatacyte growth factor (HGF) Human mRNA for alpha 1-antitrypsin carboxyterminal, 0 Human mRNA for alpha 1-antitrypsin Human mRNA for alpha 1-antitrypsin	Human alpha-1 antitrypsin gene, 3' end 2122b01.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone 502633 3' 2d86f06.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone 347555 3'	Human mRNA for proteasome subunit HsC10-II. , 0 za78c01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 231768 3' yt92e01.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 231768 3'	seq2272 Homo sapiens cDNA clone ssb4HB3MA(extended-ft-6) 3' H sapiens RNA for snRNP protein B Human small nuclear ribonucleoprotein particle SmB Human insulin-like growth factor binding protein 6 Human insulin-like growth factor binding protein 6	yo18f08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 178311 3' yo18f08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 175478 3' yn88a08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 175478 3' zm84b09.s1 Stratagene ovarian cancer (#937219) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 544601 3'	clone 513102 3' zm63f12.s1 Stratagene fibroblast (#937212) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 530351 3'	Human mRNA for histocompatibility antigen HLA-DR Human gene for HLA-DR alpha heavy chain a class II Human HLA-DR alpha-chain mRNA
M73239 M73240 M73240 Examples X02920 X01683 V00496	100067 Examples AA 127040 W81387	Examples D26598 Examples N74310 H92750	T24084 Examples X17567 M34081 Examples M69054 M62402	Examples N74323 H46766 H41102 Examples AA074777	AA062735 AA112905 No Match	No Match No Match Examples V00523 X00274 K01171
	16 B	32	22	14	22	7 - 7
3 70	8	01 01	13 5	3 13	0	
13	0	<u>~0</u>	7 0			72
H655547 18) 658059H	H666943 (H671455 H677330	H677753		H69863 H690863 H690890 H693112
109 CATGGGAAAAGTGGT	III) CATGGGAAGGGAGGC	III CATGGGAGTCATTGT	III CATGGGATTGTCTGG	115 CATGGGCCCTCTGAG		IIT CATGGGGAAGCAGAT IIS CATGGGGAGGGGTGG III CATGGGGAGGTAGCA III CATGGGGAGGTAGCA

								1. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.
		-		-			100202	human hia-dr neavy chain gene, 3 maus
		1	5	5	12	Examples U18009		Human chromosome 17q21 mKNA clone LF113.
CATGGGTGGGGAGAT	H715401			2	+			EST57778 Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to None
		+	1	+	+			EST57474 Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to None
		1	‡	-		Evample M59911		Human integrin alpha-3 chain mRNA
22 CATGGTACTGTAGCA	- 1		_L		3 5	Framules X87689		H.sapiens mRNA for putative p64 CLCP protein
23 CATGGTACTGTGGCT				2 2	<u> </u>	Examples 1 17350		Human thrombospondin 2 (THBS2) mRNA
24 CATGGTCAAAATTTC	_1	_1	_1_	2 3	- 5	Examples D21261		Human mRNA (HA1756) for ORF
125 CATGGTCTGGGGCTT	H752296	22	a	+	5	Cardinavi		Human keratinocyte cDNA, clone 686
		- 1	1	+	1,	Grande HS1290		vn07a05.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 186704 3'
126 CATGGTCTGTGAGAG	H752521	=	<u> </u>	2	+	Cyanipic		yx44g12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 264646 3'
		+	1	+	+			2076e09.s1 Stratagene pancreas (#937208) Homo sapiens CUNA Cione
				_			AA158271	592840 3'
	11757571	٦	6	+	2	No Match		
27 CATGGTCTGTGCAGG	1752157	1	1.	1-	2	No Match		
128 CATGGTCTTGAAGCC	- 1		Ľ	1	000	Examples X87373	X87373	Class C, H.sapiens RPS3a gene
129 CATGGTGAAGGCAGT	_	┸	<u>* </u>	= -	3 =	Pramples X08058	X08058	GLUTATHIONE S-TRANSFERASE P (HUMAN)
130 CATGGTGAATGACGG	H754567	5		- =	2 2	Examples X51439	X51439	Human mRNA for serum amyloid A (SAA) protein
CATGGTGCGGAGGAC	H760361	╛	Ц.	= :	3 2	Examples [115008	111 5008	Human SnRNP core protein Sm D2 mRNA
CATGGTGCTGGAGAA	H761481	7	م م	╪	इ	Examples 1162800	1162800	Cystatin M (CST6)
CATGGTGGAGGCAC	1			واء	7 6	Examples H46430	H46430	vol2h12.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 177767 3'
TALCATGGTGGTACAGGA	H765003	=	12	2	*	Example	200	2f13a06.s1 Soares fetal heart NbHH19W Homo sapiens cDNA clone
							AA047563	376786 3'
		+	1	\dagger	\dagger		l	zo13f02.si Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens CDIVA Cloud Society
							=	31
	01774670	10	2	2	6	Example	Examples X59288	H. sapiens gene for intercentian autesion moccano
115 CATGGTTCACTGCAG	11//10	+	-		-		M24283	Human major group military (LCAM-1)
		+	1		\vdash		103132	Human intercellular adnesion intercue-1 (10737.1)
		\dagger	+	1	+		M55100	Human cell surface glycoprotein 73.36 interval
	11701973	†-	19	É	24	Example	Examples K02765	Human complement component C3 nucych, aiplia and com
136 CATGGTTGTCTTTGG	011 961 6106951	- 10-		14	120	Example	Examples M17987	Human beta-2-microglobulin gene
117 CATGGTTGTGGTTAA	10200LH	-		4	4	Example	Examples D00760	Human mRNA for proteasome subunit f10.3
138 CATGGTTTAAATCGA	H/82391	+		1_	1			(HIMAN)
	0717071		0	-	12	Example	Examples X57025	INSULIN-LIKE GROWIH FACTOR IA FRECUESCY (11577727)
1 19 CATGTAAGGCTTAAC	110077031	10	L	77	2	No Match	Æ	
110 CATGTAATTTTGGAA	1007	1	1	_[

		No Motch	
CATGTAATTTTGGAT	H802793		In comission many for Sm protein G
	H806901 11 4 2 3	14 Examples X853/3	n.sapiens in the contract of t
I CAT GIACALITICAL	11808170 0 1 4 0	10 No Match	
CATGTACCCCGIACA	1	7 No Match	1176
CATGTACCCTTCTAT		24 Examples 102931	Human placental tissue factor (two forms) mKNA
11 CATGTAGGAAAGTAA	,		Human tissue factor mRNA, complete cds
		M27436	Human tissue factor gene, complete cds
	1	130 Examples X64899	H.sapiens mRNA homologous to mouse P21 mRNA.
15 CATGTAGGTTGTCTA	1		Human mRNA for translationally controlled tumor protein
			nied furnor profein
		L13806	Homo sapiens (clone 04) translationally controlled tuinor process
	H839677 1 0 3 8	16 Examples M98479	Human transglutaminase mttnA
to CATGTATATITICIC	0 1 2 1	3 Examples D12149	Human HepG2 3'-directed Mbol CLINA, clone 5247
1 CATGTATTTTCTGCC	10 28 27	L	H. sapiens alpha NAC mRNA
18 CATGTCACAAGCAAA	27 -		Human mRNA for vimentin.
11) CATGTCCAAATCGAT	_L	1	H sapiens vimentin gene
		MINIM	Himan vimentin gene, complete cds
		++1+11v1	III (Hiv/im3) mRNA 3' end
		M25246	Fullian vincium (tig time)
上しつびでもつないのものはなっ	H870310 0 0 1 12	2 Examples N92906	ZDS / AUG. ST. FIGHING Sapirons Control of St. Cont
		-	Spares Homo sapiens cDNA 3'end
		T17488	\neg
		AA349906	
	11071030 6 6 10 25	5 Examples X67016	H.sapiens mRNA for amphigiycan
1:1 CATGTCCATCTGTTG	2		Human mRNA for ryudocan core protein
	i	69 Examples M77233	Human ribosomal protein S7 mRNA
52 CATGTCGTCTTTATC	7 -	1	tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase 2 (3'-end region)
CATGTCTCTGATGCT	1		
			11 000000
	11016323 0 4 3 1	13 Examples N71680	yz93b03.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 2903/3 3
154 CATGTCTTGTAACTG	2 22		Human lactate dehydrogenase-A gene
155 CATGTCTTGTGCATA	_1_		Human mRNA for lactate dehydrogenase-A
		X02153	Human pseudogene for lactate dehydrogenase-A
		16 No Match	
156 CATGTGAAGTCACTG		L	intridua chad achaean site
E E C	H920525 0 1 3 6	11 Examples X07979	CTGTGG, Class A, Human mRNA for inbronectin receptor beta submitted
137 CATGTGAAGTIALAC			

						—Т	14		Т	Γ		Τ	T		Τ			Γ						
G2/MITOTIC-SPECIFIC CYCLIN BI (HUMAN) vc22c04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 81414 3'	yi29g08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 140702 3'	209103.s1 Stratagene ovarian cancer (#937219) Homo sapiens cDNA clone 594269 3' similar to SW:NGAL_HUMAN P80188 NEUTROPHIL	GELATINASE-ASSOCIATED CONTROL 302127 3' similar to	SW:NGAL_HUMAN P80188 NEUTROPHIL GELATINASE- ASSOCIATED LIPOCALIN PRECURSOR		clone 545239 3' similar to SW:NGAL_HUMAN P80188 NEUTROPHIL OFF. ATNASE-ASSOCIATED LIPOCALIN PRECURSOR	\$1104	2181e07.s1 Stratagene colon (#937204) Homo sapiens culva civile 3119	31	Nr. un. The Home capiens cDNA clone	zk10a01.s1 Soares pregnant uterus tvora o rivino saprana	470088 3'	347722 3'	zn76c02.s1 Stratagene NT2 neuronal precursor 937230 Homo sapiens	cDNA clone 564098 31	Homo sapiens guanylate Killase (OOKL) mastri	Human mkny 101 piecuisoi oi aporter	Homo sapiens camepsin D index	Human cathepsin B proteinase may by, compression	Human enigma gene	Homo sapiens mousounal process.	Human gene for histone milenis NoHPU Homo sapiens cDNA clone	ZKZ3806.51 504105 Programmer 471472 1	77171
TT							ACCOUNT.		AA100279			AA029262	N54281	107461	AA114075	s L76200	s X00570	SL16510	M14221	s L35240	ss L38941	S X03473	3037607	es AAU342V2
Examples			Examples	Fxamples			No Match	ON THE	Examples	No Match		Example				Example	Example	Example					1	Ехашрі
2 2	+		#		+		2	1	17	٣	1	9		1		48	4	27		8	50	15		
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7					1_			1		L	┸	9	_	+		15		1_		1	1_		-	ᅱ
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H932731 H938876			H939841		H939849		H939851	H920392	41041	000146H	H944038	H949560				1962261	11056773	7800001	000706H	TINTEAAK	044C16H	119/00/4H		H997944
S CATGTGATGTCTGGT			CAPACITIC CAPAPA	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	GATGTGCCCTCAGAA		CALGCCCTCAGGA			63 CATGTGCCTTACTTT	11 CATGTGCGCTGGCCC		In CATGTGCI ICAICIO				In CATGTGGAGTGGAGG	167 CATGTGGCCCCAGGT	IGN CATGTGGGTGAGCCA		169 CATGTGTGAGCCCCT	1:0 CATGTGTGCTAAATG	11 CATGTGTGTTTGT	CATGTTATGGATCTC
	H932731 0 8 3 11 Examples M25753 H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753	H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 T60151 R67969	H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 T60151 R67969	H939841 11 13 3 13 43 Examples AA169614	H93876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 T60151 R67969 H939841 11 13 3 13 43 Examples AA169614	H932731 0 8 3 11 1	H932731 0 8 2 11 1	H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C R67969 5 H939841 11 13 3 13 43 Examples AA169614 C H939851 13 31 10 25 83 Examples AA075896	H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 T60151 T6	H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C R67969 N R67969 N R67969 N R67969 N R67969 N H939849 3 4 0 11 19 Examples AA169614 H939851 13 31 10 25 83 Examples AA075896 H939850 N Mo Match	H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C R67969 5 H939849 11 13 3 13 43 Examples AA169614 H939851 13 31 10 25 83 Examples AA075896 H941856 0 3 1 2 12 Examples AA100279 H944038 2 5 2 17 3 No Match	H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C H939841 11 13 3 13 43 Examples AA169614 C H939851 13 31 10 25 83 Examples AA075896 C H944038 0 3 1 2 12 Examples AA100279 C H944038 2 5 1 7 3 No Match C	H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C R67969 5 H939841 11 13 3 13 43 Examples AA169614 C H939851 13 31 10 25 83 Examples AA075896 C H941856 0 3 1 2 12 Examples AA100279 C H944038 2 5 2 17 3 No Match C H944038 2 5 2 17 3 No Match C H949560 2 6 6 4 16 Examples AA029262	H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C R67969 5 R67969 6	H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C R67969 5 H939849 3 4 0 11 19 Examples AA169614 C H939851 13 31 10 25 83 Examples AA075896 C H941856 0 3 1 2 12 Examples AA100279 C H944038 2 5 2 17 3 No Match C H944038 2 6 6 4 16 Examples AA029262 C H949560 2 6 6 4 16 Examples AA114075 AA114075	H932731 0 8 3 11 1	H932731 0 8 7 11 12 T60151 Y T	H932731 0 8 7 1 16 Examples M25753 0 7 16 Examples M25753 0 7 1 16 Examples M25753 0 7 1 16 Examples M25753 0 7 1 1 13 1 13 13 13 43 Examples AA169614 0 1 1 19 Examples AA169614 0 1 1 19 Examples AA100279 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	H93231 U 8 3 11 E Examples M25753 C 170151 Y 170	H932331 U 8 3 11 E Examples M25753 C 17 1	H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 0 16 Examples M25753 0 17 0 17 0 17 0 17 0 17 0 17 0 17 0 1	H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 C 1760151 N	H939876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 6 H938876 1 3 7 3 16 Examples M25753 6 H939841 11 13 3 13 43 Examples AA169614 6 H939851 13 31 10 25 83 Examples AA100279 H941856 0 3 1 2 12 Examples AA100279 H944038 2 5 2 17 3 No Match H944038 2 5 2 17 3 No Match H944038 2 5 2 17 3 No Match H944038 1 5 7 22 48 Examples L76200 T H955723 0 3 3 7 4 Examples L16510 A H95708 13 15 13 76 27 Examples L16510 A H95708 13 15 13 76 27 Examples L16510 A H97644 8 21 26 18 50 Examples L33240 T H978664 8 21 26 18 50 Examples K034381

		-	-					213 1606.51 Soares ovary tumor NbHOT Homo sapiens cDNA clone 723923
							AA235464	3'
		-	<u> </u>				A A D 3 7 0 7 4	zk30c10.s1 Soares pregnant uterus NbHPU Homo saptens cDIVA cione 4720x0 1.
	11,000,443	+	10	9	-	Examples H53629	;	yu38d04.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 236071 3'
CATGTTCATTGTAGA	H1003443	-					П	EST04595 Homo sapiens cDNA clone HFBDX32
					-			NIB1599 Normalized infant brain, Bento Soares Homo sapiens cDNA
							T16635	3'end similar to EST04595 H. sapiens cDNA clone HFBDX32
	033410111	-	,	24	<u>~</u>	Examples AA026678		ze97h02.s1 Soares fetal heart North19W rioino sapiens CD19A cione 366963 3'
-1 CATGTTCTGTGAATC	1011	+	1					2t05a03.s1 Soares NbHTGBC Homo sapiens cDNA clone 712204 3'
		+	+		\dagger		П	ym05a09.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 46675 3'
	37,0100 LT	10	0	·	=	Examples X66029		H. sapiens mRNA for tyrosine kinase receptor.
9.1900000000000000000000000000000000000	012120111	 -	1	1	=	Examples X15880		Human mRNA for collagen VI alpha-1
1-0 ATGTTGCTGACT11	070070111	╁	-					H. sapiens gene for glutaminyl-tRNA synthetase
		+	-					zk73h10.s1 Soares pregnant uterus North'o Holito sapietis Colore ciotic
CATGTTGGAGATCTC	H1024568	4	11 16	2	77	Examples	8	488515 3' 488515 3' 488515 5' 488515 3' 5' 5' 5' 5' 5' 5' 5' 5' 5' 5' 5' 5' 5'
			_		1		N/1899	2. 2000c. 1 to 100 c. 1
							AA400793	2171g03.s1 Soares testis NHT Homo sapiens cDNA clone 727828 3'
	11005614	202	75 84	235	369	Examples X80336		H.sapiens (5) Ferritin H pseudogene.
1-8 CATGTTGGGGTTTCC	1107011		1 .				X00318	Human mRNA for apoferritin H chain type
		\dagger	+				X03488	Human apoferritin H gene exons 2-4
		+	+				M97164	Human ferritin heavy chain mRNA, complete cds
		+	+				L20941	Human ferritin heavy chain mRNA, complete cds
	H1077595	98 106	06 17	183	107	Examples X02493	X02493	Human interferon-inducible mKNA (cDNA 0-20).
179 CATGTTGGTGAAGGA	272770111		1				M11948	Human promyelocytic leukemia cell mKNA
		\dagger	+				M17733	Human thymosin beta-4 mRNA, complete cds
	77777	+	+	2	-	Examples N78832	N78832	2b17a08.s1 Homo sapiens cDNA clone 302294 3
180 CATGTTTCCCTCAAA	H103///	,	+	丄	Γ			2133d02.s1 Soares ovary turnor NoHOI Homo saptens CDIVA Clotte 124131
	,						AA411095	31 San State of the San Shatter 10W Home capiens CONA clone
			-					zd84g11.s1 Soares tetal neart 100run 3 W 110tillo 3 apricus contractions
							W81693	347396 3
		1	1					

1 Human brain-type clathrin light-chain a mRNA	- 1	Human connective tissue growth factor income.	2 EST94173 Homo sapiens cDNA 3' end similar to None	AA253218 zr53g10.s1 Soares NhHMPu S1 Homo sapiens CDIVA Control Contro	
H1038296 0 6 3 7 17 Example	CATGTTTCTTCTTCTT		184 CATGTTTGTTAAAA H1044225 H35952		

Table 5 - Transcripts increased in pancreas and colorectal cancer

SAGE tag that were elevated in both in coloreactal and pancreatic tumor, and are likely to be specific for tumor in general.

	1		Tag Number Accession	Description
	l ag_sequence		00701M007030	Human alpha-1 collagen gene, 3' end with polya sit
-	1 CATG TGGAAATGAC	U	-9304 98 MI0629	ם הייהיים ב היילום
2	2 CATG CACTTCAAGG	ပ	-294155 042376	120 120 120
			056145	
1	POPUL PIGTGAAGAG	T(A)	-243747 J03040	Human SPARC/osteonectin mRNA, complete cds.
			M25746	ete cds.
	CATE GULLANGGAC	U	-610466X53416	Human mRNA for actin-binding protein (filamin) (AB
7	CATE GCCCAAGAG	E	-229106X02761	ان
Û	2		K00799	nectin (fn) 3' coding region a
	A CATE GTGCGCTGAG	U	-760291 X58536	class I locus C heavy
			M26432	gene, complete cds.
1	CATE ACAGGCTACG	U	-76231 M95787	th
			M83106	
°	ם כאיני כייניתניתיתים	A	-769020 M77349	Human transforming growth factor-beta induced gene
	CATE GATTETERS	U	-589267 X53279	Human mRNA for placental-like alkaline phosphatase
	כשום פשוויים		X55958	ı
			304948	comple
		E	-85882 X57351	Human 1-8D gene from interferon-inducible gene fam
=	10 CATG ACCATICIEC	-	X02490	
		Ç	10041V15100	Human mRNA for alpha-actinin.
11	11 CATG TCCTTCTCCA	ی	200000100010	Human mRNA for KIAA0190 protein.
12	12 CATG CTTCTGTGTA	C, T	210001179515-	TRO Gene mRNA, 3'
13	CATG ATGTAAAAA	€ →	-241665/M/4090	TO MENA.
			103901	mRNA.
			MISU45	Man 2 protoin
14	CATG GGCAGAGGAC	U	-673954 X17620	וחרבדווי דוואסדאסד דיי
			X75598	
15	15 CATG AATATTGAGA	Æ	-53129 062962	NA, complete
	16 CATG TTTTGATAA	Æ	-1048113 D16891	region court, croine
	17 CATG CAGCTGGCCA	£	-302741 X53743	
١				

	00101	managed protein mR
	113199	112 -DNA complete ode
35 CATG ACATCATCGA T	-79065 L06505	מול מול
36 CATG CTGTTGGTGA T	-507577 014530	Human homolog of yeast ribosomal protein 528, comp
37 CATG ATTATTTTC T	-249854 X57959	H.sapiens mRNA for ribosomal protein L7.
	X57958	H.sapiens mRNA for ribosomal protein L7.
	X52967	Human mRNA for ribosomal protein L7.
	L16558	Human ribosomal protein L7 (RPL7) mRNA, complete c
38 CATG GCTTTTAAGG A	-655115 L06498	Homo sapiens ribosomal protein S20 (RPS20) mRNA, c
CATG	-672265 L19527	Homo sapiens ribosomal protein L27 (RPL27) mRNA, c
	L25346	sapiens ribosomal protein L27 (homologue of
40 CATG CTCTTCGAGA A	-490889 Y00433	Human mRNA for glutathione peroxidase (EC 1.11.1.9
	Y00483	Human gene for gluthathione peroxidase.
	X13710	H.sapiens unspliced mRNA for glutathione peroxidas
	X13709	Human gpx1 mRNA for gluthatione peroxidase.
	M21304	glutathione peroxidase (GPX1) mRNA, com
A) CATE CHETTGATTE C	-507455 X04347	Human liver mRNA fragment DNA binding protein UPI
	000947	eat-contai
42 CATE CTEGETTAAT A	-502724 M81757	H.sapiens S19 ribosomal protein mRNA, complete cds
THE CHOOSE OF THE	-239533X17206	Human mRNA for LLRep3.
Algeriegia	-583573 X59357	
	1,21756	Homo sapiens acute myeloid leukemia associated pro
	D17652	
	S76343	AML1EAP (translocation breakpoint) (human, chro
45 CATE CETTEGAGAT C	-390692 014970	Human ribosomal protein S5 mRNA, complete cds.
	-482584 016811	
,	023765	- 1
47 CATG TGTGTTGAGA G	-978825 X16869	Human mRNA for elongation factor 1-alpha (clone CE
	X16872	factor 1-a
	X03558	elongation factor 1 alph
	017182	region MboI cDNA, clone
	D17245	CDNA,
	017259	cDNA,
	D17276	Human HepG2 3' region MboI cDNA, clone hmd6al2m3.

	П	. end. 3' end.
		elongation factor 1-31mba (FF1A) mB
	M29548	100 lactor 1 aipia (cr
	L41490	comprete
	L41498	cogene PTI-1 mKNA, complete
A TATATORE CERT	-988366 U57846	Human ribosomal protein L39 mKNA, comprete cus:
TIACCAIAIC	-621035 X71973	
GCC 1 GC 1 GGG	-383489 226876	H. sapiens gene for ribosomal protein L36.
The Grand	-803369 X69391	H. sapiens mRNA for ribosomal protein Lo.
	-803369 017554	thursia o
	-803369 S71022	Indmail, cilytora
T SOUTH DANGE OF THE CO.	-24951 V00598	Human beta-tubulin pseudogene.
	-24951 V00599	couling Deca cubering protes
T STATUSATUS TERMS	-358783 X55110	mRNA for neurite
	-346761 038846	close hmd4f11
	016933	Human HepG2 3' region cunk, clone marting
9 4000000	-148949 Z11692	longation ractor
AGCACCICCA	-416261 X73974	H.sapiens HRPL4 mRNA.
56 CATG CGCCGGAACA C	099600	omal protein,
	05360	numer 25 Phs cell surface protein TAPA-1 mRNA, com
ST CATG CTAAAAAAA A	-458753M33680	-11 -+ BNA syntheta
	-686319009510	
	009587	
	030658	Human 1-cell man to girls honologue.
A TOROUTER SERVICE	-253260 X55954	Human mRNA for HLZ3 LIDOSOMAL Process
	X52839	Human mRNA for floosommar process.
T TOUTHER THE T	-524524 X61156	KNA IOF Laminini
	x15005	Human mRNA for potential lamining of the som
	043901	Human 37 kD laminin receptor preduced from an army
	303799	Human colin carcinoma laminini Dinding From
	M14199	ZHS epitope) mount
	-302367 087735	cotein bit, compress
61 CATG CAGCICACIG	L10376	Human (clone CTG-B33) mRNA sequence.
	\$80520	icleotide repear-containing
C SERVICE CONTRACTOR	-200576 014973	- 1
62 CATG ATAATTCITI		

					ſ	[000 13 1 1
	L			L31610		1 678 (0
Ç	CATO	AATCCTGTGG	A	-55227 228407		H. sapiens mRNA for ribosomal protein L8.
3 2	SATG	AATAGGTCCA	A	-51925 M64716		Human ribosomal protein S25 mRNA, complete cds.
,	,	6 6 6 6	A (C,	219E8X11-	,	H.sapiens Bl mRNA for mucin.
65	CATG	Ададада		232564	Ī	.sapiens FRGAMMA mRNA (819bp) for folate receptor
				232633	Γ	H.sapiens FRGAMMA' mRNA for folate receptor (817bp
				X76180	Γ	H.sapiens mRNA for lung amiloride sensitive Na+ ch
				008470		Human FR-gamma' mRNA, complete cds.
				008471	Π	folate receptor 3 mRNA, complete cds.
				048697	Γ	Human mariner-like element-containing mRNA, clone
				D28532	Π	hdsc
				M55914		Human c-myc binding protein (MBP-1) mRNA, complete
			-	106175	Π	Homo Sapiens P5-1 mRNA, complete cds.
			1	\$73775	Τ	calmitine=mitochondrial calcium-binding protein [h
				S77393	Π	transcript ch138 [human, RF1, RF48 stomach cancer c
				X60036		H.sapiens mRNA for mitochondrial phosphate carrier
		4040400	ľ	-335945 X79238	Г	H.sapiens mRNA for ribosomal protein L30.
ê	CAIG	CCAGAACAGA	,	116991	Γ	Human thymidylate kinase (CDC8) mRNA, complete cds
	- 1		6	-44683 X80822	Τ	H.sapiens mRNA for ORF.
6	CATG	67 CATG AAGGIGGAGG	€ €	-379369 X52856	Τ	Human cyclophilin-related processed pseudogene.
8	PR CAIG	CCIMECIESA	+	X52857	Π	Human cyclophilin-related processed pseudogene.
				X52854		endodene.
				X52851	Π	
				Y00052		ilin.
ę	CATO	CATG GAACACATCC	A	-528694 X63527		rotein L19.
				826982		
0,0	CATG	AAGGAGATGG	9	-41531 X69181		H. sapiens mRNA for ribosomal protein L31.
	2			X15940	940	Human mRNA for ribosomal protein L31.
-	1	ACCUTACGGA	A	-171113 229650		MCX mRNA.
	2			710		clone hmd4c12m
	0.40	CATOTES ACCIONAGE	U	-177610 X08096	Г	Human GST pi gene for glutathione S-transferase pi
7	CA16	AGG1 CC 11100	, , ,			

	X06547	Human mRNA for class of graduate constants
	x15480	S-LIGHSTETES
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	gutathic
	9C080X	Jimentiono Catransferase
	012472	a transferses-Plc gene.
	021689	Human glutathione S-tidmisterase 120 grant mRNA,
	062589	m ı
	M69113	Human fatty acid ethyl ester synthase in minn ocy
	M24485	or or or
	-965603 X69150	
73 CATG TGG16116AG	M96153	apol
	L06432	Smal process (name) ministers
	-475448 M17885	complete cds.
	-769045 L25899	Human ribosomal protein bio mana, comprete despesal
75 CATG GTGTTAACCA	-174037 X58125	5) DNA segment containing (19/24
76 CATG AGGCTICCA	D17268	ΣΙ
	M73791	Tere cas.
	M64241	ated pr
	035060	3' region) (human, mr
	000000	noprotein
77 CATG GGATTTGGCC T	-671654 M1/887	uman ferritin L chain mRNA, complete cds.
	M1114/	ferritin light subunit
	M12938	light subunit mRNA,
	M10119	compling protein G(s
C CATTABLEADER C	-246019 X04409	maka ior coupiting protein G(s)
2000	X04408	mKNA IOI COUPLING
	x56009	GSA MKNA 101 alpha cap-hinding p
	X07036	mRNA stimutatory of commence
	M21142	
	M14631	line nucleotine binding f
A ATSTOCATOR OF A	-968173 236832	H.sapiens (xs31) mKNA, 033Dp. H.sapiens (xs31) mKNA, complete cds.
	K00558	human alpha-tubullii mixiii come
	-955718 X56494	H.sapiens M gene for MI-Lype and M. Jr. 17.
	M23725	ype pyruvate Amido
	M26252	Human TCB gene encoding cytosolic cliptors

perior 121 mRNA, perior large subunit of protein L21 mRNA, lear land land land land land land land land	,					24.000	In content was deap for ribosomal protein S8.
1,1392 Human ribosomal protein L21 mRNA, complete costs 1,1392 Human ribosomal protein L21 mRNA, complete costs 1,1392 Human ribosomal protein L21 mRNA, complete costs 1,1392 Human ribosomal protein L21 mRNA, complete costs 1,1392 Human ribosomal protein L21 mRNA, complete costs 1,1392 Human glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase 1,1392 Human human human human human mobility group protein 1,1392 Human h	8	CATG	AATAAAGGT	0	-/98/64	1 67/QX	The general and annual of ribosomal
14967 Human ribosomal protein L12 mRNA, complete cds	a a		CATAATAGG	£.	-602315	X89401	Ior Targe subulity of Trocsomus
125789 Human ribosomal protein 121 mRNA, complete cost 138826 Homan saplens L21 ribosomal protein gene, particolor 1237 138826 Homan normal keratinocyte substraction library 138826 Human hmg1 mRNA for high mobility group protein 138826 Human hmg1 mRNA for high mobility group protein 138826 Human high mobility group protein (HMG1 gene) 138826 Human high mobility group protein (HMG1 gene) 138826 Human high mobility group protein (HMG1 gene) 138826 Human HMG-Y protein isoform mRNA (HMG1 gene) 138826 Human HMG-Y protein isoform mRNA (HMG1 gene) 138826 Human HMG-Y protein isoform mRNA (HMG1 gene) 138827 Human HMG-Y protein isoform mRNA (HMG1 gene) 138827 Human HMG-Y protein isoform mRNA (HMG1 gene) 138828 Human ribosomal protein L37 amena 138888 Human ribosomal protein L37 amena 138888 Human ribosomal protein L37 amena 138888 Human ribosomal protein S3 (rpS3) mRNA 138888 Hu						U14967	L21 mRNA, complete
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Mail						M36164	glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase
CATG ATTTGTCCCA G						M33197	glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase
Mail	0	0 E & 0	TTTGTCCA	l _o	260949	X14957	hmgI mRNA for high mobility group protein
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M23619 Human HMG-I protein isoform mRNA (HMGI gene), 117131 Human high mobility group protein (HMG-I(Y)) grants 117131 Human high mobility group protein (HMG-I(Y)) grants 117131 Human HMG-Y protein isoform mRNA (HMGI gene), 117131 Human HMG-Y protein isoform mRNA, complete cds 117131 Human ribosomal protein L37a (RPJ37A) 117131 Human ribosomal protein L37a (RPJ37A) 117131 Human Humsa mRNA for forein S3 (FPS3) mRNA, 117131 Human Humsa mRNA for protein S3 (FPS3) mRNA, 117131 Human HMS-90 ribosomal protein S3 (FPS3) mRNA, 117131 Human HMS-90 ribosomal protein S3 (FPS3) mRNA, 117131 Human HMS-90 ribosomal protein S3 (FPS3) mRNA, 117131 Human HMS-90 ribosomal protein S3 (FPS3) mRNA, 117131 Human HMS-90 ribosomal protein S3 (FPS3) mRNA, 117131 Human HMS-90 ribosomal protein RNA, 117131 Human HMS-90 ribosomal protein S3 (FPS3) mRNA, 117131 Human HMS-90 ribosomal protein RNA, 117131 Human HMS-90 ribosomal protein S3 (FPS3) mRNA, 117131 Human HMS-90 ribosomal protein RNA, 117131 Human HM				 		M23614	protein isoform mRNA (HMGI gene),
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CATG GAGGCAGTTT -567488 U14968 Human ribosomal protein L27a mRNA, complete cd CATG CGCCCCGGC T -16106 U12465 Human ribosomal protein L35 mRNA, complete cds CATG GTGAAACCCA ALL -753749 X16294 Human repetitive DNA containing interspersed r CATG GTGAAACCCA ALL -753749 X16294 Human repetitive DNA containing interspersed r CATG GTGAAACCCA ALL -753749 X16294 Human repetitive DNA containing interspersed r CATG GTGAAACCCA ALL -753749 X66699 H.sapiens mRNA for ribosomal protein L37a CATG AAGACAGTGG C -3348755 X55715 Human ribosomal protein L37a mRNA, grapian mRNA, gr						M23618	isoform mRNA (HMGI gene),
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CATG GTGAAACCCA ALL -753/49 A10294 H.saplens mRNA for ribosomal protein L37a. CATG AAGACAGTGG C -33979 X66699 H.saplens mRNA for ribosomal protein L37a mRNA sequence. L02154 Human ribosomal protein L37a mRNA sequence. CATG CCCCAGCCAG T -348755 X55715 Human KP1PO ribosomal protein S3 (rpS3) mRNA, U14991 Human XP2NE ribosomal protein S3 (rpS3) mRNA, U14992 Human IMR-90 ribosomal protein S3 (rpS3) mRNA, U14992 CATG TGGGCAAAGC C -959498 X63526 H.saplens mRNA for protein homologous to elong 211531	ω	CATG	TGAAACCCA	ALL	-133149	7/0007	
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CATG CCCCAGCCAG T -348755 X55715 Human XP1PO ribosomal protein S3 (rpS3) mRNA, U14990 Human XP2NE ribosomal protein S3 (rpS3) mRNA, U14991 Human IMR-90 ribosomal protein S3 (rpS3) mRNA, U14992 Human IMR-90 ribosomal protein S3 (rpS3) mRNA, S26 S3 ribosomal protein (human, colon, mRNA, 826 S42658 X63526 H.sapiens mRNA for protein homologous to elong Z11531 H.sapiens mRNA for elongation factor-1-gamma.						PC1777	mRNA for 40S ribosomal protein
CATG TGGCCAAAGC C -959498 X63526 H.sapiens mRNA for elongation factor-1-gamma.	6	CATG	CCCAGCCAG	F	-348755	CT/CCX	ribosomal protein S3 (rpS3) mRNA,
CATG TGGCCAAAGC C -959498 X63526 H.sapiens mRNA for elongation factor-1-gamma.						014550	ribosomal protein S3 (rpS3) mRNA,
CATG TGGGCAAAGC C -959498 X63526 H.sapiens mRNA for protein homologous to 211531 H.sapiens mRNA for elongation factor-1-ga						114991	protein S3 (rpS3) mRNA,
CATG TGGGCAAAGC C -959498 X63526 H.sapiens mRNA for protein homologous to 211531 H.sapiens mRNA for elongation factor-1-ga						26610	numan, colon, mRNA,
CATG TGGGCAAAGC C -959490A0525					- 10	342030	t t
200	6	CATG	GGGCAAAGC	٥	ות	411531	H saniens mRNA for elongation factor-1-gamma.
		_				765119	

		M55409	n mRNA, 3'
Γ		SECOLA COCC	Himan triosephosphate isomerase mRNA, complete cds
6	92 CATG TGAGGGAATA A	-928269 MI0030	
: 12	CONTROL CACGACGA G	-549145 058682	I TDOSOWA
7		M58458	ribosomar process
7		M22146	otein mana, compression
	4 4000000 4 CE	-26261 223063	٦°
<u>₹</u>		L10612	migration inhibitory
\exists		M95775	migración inhibitory
T		L19686	(MIE) MRNA,
T		M25639	
	J HHHHJORODE CERT	-935680 X03342	Human mRNA for ribosomal protein 252:
35	CATG TGCACGIIII	K03002	Chromosome 13
		-278636 U57847	nal protein 52/ minny, companion and the state of the sta
96	CATG CACAMACGG	L19739	TSCIMULING (RPL18) m
- {		-667269 L11566	ns ribosomai
6	GGAGIGGACA	-615043 254999	CpG island UNA
8	98 CATG GUCHAGAMG	257572	genomic mol
		256073	٠.
		X53505	A for ribosomal prot
	1	-696375 M92381	beta 10 mRNA, complete
66	CATG GGGGAAATCG C	M20259	beta-10 mRNA,
١		-5993501014969	ribosomal protein L28 mRNA,
100	O CATG GCAGCCATCC 6	017257	HepG2 3' region Mbol cDNA, clone
		07777X 158967-	S mRNA.
101	1 CATG TAAGGAGCTG A	X69654	ribosomal process
. 1		-672342 012404	NA, complete
0	102 CATG GGCAMGCCC	X79239	c13 (RPS13)
1		L01124	otein Sis (Nicis)
		-775658 X65923	H. sapiens fau mRNA.
의	103 CATG GITCCIIGGC	002523	complete co
- 13	G SEACTORDE G	-374027 M60854	for homologue to ye
5	CAIG CCGICCIO	-1027448 212962	H.sapiens mkwa Lor nome 25 (clone 786) (human,
١	CATG TTGGTCCICI &	264030	L41 ribosomal protein nomorog (cross
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100	יים יים איני יישרי פיני	-263478 X12883	Human mRNA for cytokeratin 18.
		X12876	
		X12881	Human mRNA for cytokeratin 18.
		M24842	Human keratin 18 (K18) gene, complete cds.
		M26325	Human cytokeratin 18 mRNA, 3' end.
		M26326	Human keratin 18 mRNA, complete cds.
		M26327	- 1
106	CATG AGCTCTCCCT G	-161624 X53777	Human L23 mRNA for putative ribosomal protein.
107	CATG	-177315 D86979	Human male bone marrow myeloblast mRNA for KIAA022
		X55923	Human DNA for Alu element P1N6.
		6696X	
		X12544	Human mRNA for HLA class II DR-beta (HLA-DR B).
		277989	H.sapiens flow-sorted chromosome 6 HindIII fragmen
		011831	Human clone 2102V-I chromosome 18p telomeric seque
		012580	Human Alu repeat sequence A3.
		012582	Human Alu repeat sequence B2.
		012583	Human Alu repeat sequence D1.
		014694	Human Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HALUSB08.
		014695	Human Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HALUSB15.
		014696	Human Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HALUSB27.
		U14697	Human Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HUM-11.
		014698	Human Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HSB-8P.
		014699	repeat, clone
		014700	Human Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HALUSB35.
		014701	Human Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HSB-2P.
		014704	Human Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HUM-3.
		014706	Human Alu-Sb2 repeat, clone HUM-10.
		U14707	
		300120	, complete codi
		L34653	Homo sapiens platelet/endothelial cell adhesion mo
	:	M37521	Human XV2c gene.
		861789	NFI-neurofibromatosis type 1 (deletion breakpoint,
		573483	phosphorylase kinase catalytic subunit PHKG2 homol

cholinesterase (Alu element) (human, Insertion Mut	phism, YAP, polymorphic	-1	comal protein L29 (humrp129) mkwa,	surface heparin binding protein	par	DNA, clone	protein S6 mRNA, complete	Human ribosomal protein S6 mRNA, complete cus:	EST	1.53	EX.	EST		EST	EST	F.C.T.	ו הלו 1) הלו	1 TO 1	າດປ	10d		י הי הי הי הי הי הי הי הי הי הי הי הי הי	- TO THE TOTAL T	ro.T.S.3	TS:3	ተንፈ ተንፈ	17.1 1.7.1	10 63 6	103 E21	in the second se	1. C. T. C.	
675201			U10248	U49083	016992	D16911	J03537	M20020	4	<u></u>	ठा	-1	ज्	21	ক্র	21	<u>∞</u> [21:	= 19	<u>≅ [</u> 2	212	ाः	2 6	218		315	100	<u> </u>	ङाङ	£ (2	2 2	3]
		-695980							-11414	-906438	-555450	-508767	-719435	-613862	-18469	-497192	-1007018	-28872	-822331	-607318	-529899	-286/3	1.0000	-119809	1///-	-98905	-594051	-359102	-621369	-355689	-163999	7108-
	1	c	,						S	υ	၁	A	ပ	A	A	U	Æ	Æ	U	, A, C	A	A	A	A	Æ	٥	A	۴	g	A	٥	٥
		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	CATG GGGC1GGGG1						CATG ACGITCICIT			112 CATG CTTAATCCTG	113 CATG GGTTGGCAGG	TG GCCCTCTGCC	115 CATG AACAGAAGCA	116 CATG CTGCCGAGCT	117 CATG TICCTCGGGC	118 CATG AACTAATACT	119 CATG TAGATAATGG	120 CATG GCCACACCCC	121 CATG GAACCCTGGG	122 CATG AACTAAAAA	123 CATG GAAATGTAAG	124 CATG ACTCCAAAAA	CATG GTTCGTGCCA	126 CATG TTACCTCCTT	ATG GCACAAGAAG	128 CATG CCCTGGGTTC	129 CATG GCCTGTATGA	130 CATG CCCGTCCGGA	131 CATG AGGAAAGCTG	132 CATG TCAGATCTTT
		1	108 CA	+	+	+	+	+	109 CA	1 10 CATG	111	112 CB	1130	114 CATG	115 C	116	117 C	118 C	119 C	120 C	121 C	122 C.	123 C	124 C	125 C	126 C	127 CATG	128 C	129 C	130	1316	132

EST EST EST EST

-61010-	U	GCCGTGTCCG	136 CATG	136
001010	A	GTGTTGCACA	135 CATG	135
303036	ار	TCACCCACAC	134 CATG	134
-857362	,	040.000		
70000-	Τ	CCAGGAGGAA	133 CATG	133
122001				

Isolation of partial cDNA (3' fragment) by 3' directed PCR reaction

This procedure is a modification of the protocol described in Polyak et al. (1997) Nature 389:300. Briefly, the procedure uses SAGE tags in PCR reaction such that the resultant PCR product contains the SAGE tag of interest as well as additional cDNA, the length of which is defined by the position of the tag with respect to the 3' end of the cDNA. The cDNA product derived from such a transcript driven PCR reaction can be used for many applications.

RNA from a source believed to express the cDNA corresponding to a given tag is first converted to double-stranded cDNA using any standard cDNA protocol. Similar conditions used to generate cDNA for SAGE library construction can be employed except that a modified oligo-dT primer is used to dreive the first strand synthesis. For example, the oligonucleotide of compositon 5'-B-TCC GGC GCG CCG TTT T CC CAG TCA CGA(30)-3', contains a poly-T stretch at the 3' end for hybridization and priming from poly-A tails, an M13 priming site for use in subsequent PCR steps, a 5' Biotin label (B) for capture to strepavidin-coated magnetic beads, and an AscI restriction endonuclease site for releasing the cDNA from the streptavidin-coated magnetic beads. Theoretically, any sufficiently-sized DNA region capable of hybridizing to a PCR primer can be used as well as any other 8 base pair recognizing endonuclease.

cDNA constructed utilizing this or similar modified oligo-dT primer is then processed exactly as described in U.S. Patent No. (insert) up until adapter ligation where only one adapter is ligated to the cDNA pool. After adapter ligation, the cDNA is released from the streptavidin-coated magnetic beads and is then used as a template for cDNA amplification.

Various PCR protocols can be employed using PCR priming sites within the 3' modified oligo-dT primer and the SAGE tag. The SAGE tag-derived PCR primer employed can be of varying length dictated by 5' extension of the tag into the adaptor sequence. cDNA products are now available for a variety of applications.

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This technique can be further modified by: (1) altering the length and/or content of the modified oligo-dT primer; (2) ligating adaptors other than that previously employed within the SAGE protocol; (3) performing PCR from template retained on the streptavidin-coated magnetic beads; and (4) priming first strand cDNA synthesis with non-oligo-dT based primers.

Isolation of cDNA using GeneTrapper or modified GeneTrapper Technology

The reagents and manufacturer's instructions for this technology are commercially available from Life Technologies, Inc., Gaithersburg, Maryland. Briefly, a complex population of single-stranded phagemid DNA containing directional cDNA inserts is enriched for the target sequence by hybridization in solution to a biotinylated oligonucleotide probe complementary to the target sequence. The hybrids are captured on streptavidin-coated paramagnetic beads. A magnet retrieves the paramagnetic beads from the solution, leaving nonhybridized single-stranded DNAs behind. Subsequently, the captured single-stranded DNA target is released from the biotinylated oligonucleotide. After release, the cDNA clone is further enriched by using a nonbiotinylated target oligonucleotide to specifically prime conversion of the single-stranded target to double-stranded DNA. Following transformation and plating, typically 20% to 100% of the colonies represent the cDNA clone of interest. To identify the desired cDNA clone, the colonies may be screened by colony hybridization using the 32P-labeled oligonucleotide as described above for solution hybridization, or alternatively by DNA sequencing and alignment of all sequences obtained from numerous clones to determine a consensus sequence.

The genes which are identified herein as being differentially expressed in normal and cancer cells can be used diagnostically and prognostically. Transcription levels in a test sample suspected of being neoplastic can be determined and compared to the levels in normal colon cells. The test sample may be from any tissue suspected of neoplasia, and particularly from either suspected colorectal or suspected pancreatic cancer cells. The control cells for

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the purposes of comparison are normal cells, preferably of the same tissue type as the test sample, e.g., colon cells, or pancreatic duct epithelial cells. Upregulation of transcription or downregulation of transcription is therefore diagnostic of the neoplastic state, depending on what gene is used as a test reagent. Similarly, transcription levels can be monitored to assess patent responses to anti-tumor therapies. Transcription levels will also provide prognostic information. For example, the level of transcription in a test sample can be compared to levels found in bona fide normal and tumor cells. More extreme deviations from normal expression levels indicate a poorer prognosis.

Transcription levels can be determined according to any means known in the art. These include, without limitation, Northern blots, nuclear run-on assays, in vitro transcription assays, primer extension assays, quantitative reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reactions (RT-PCR), and hybrid filter binding assays. These techniques are well known in the art. See J.C. Alwine, D.J. Kemp, G.R. Stark, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 74, 5350 (1977); K. Zinn, D. Di-Maio, T. Maniatis, *Cell* 34, 865 (1983); G. Veres, R.A. Gibbbs, S.E. Scherer, C.T. Caskey, *Science* 237, 415 (1987).

Similarly, upregulated genes and downregulated genes can be detected by measuring expression of their protein products. This can be done by any means known in the art, including but not limited to Western (immuno) blot, enzyme linked immunoadsorbent assay, radioimmunoassay, and enzyme assay. Such techniques are well known in the art. Protein products can be detected in tissue samples of a test patient, using a suspect sample as a test sample, and a matched normal tissue sample from the same tissue type as a control. If normal tissue is not available then a closely related tissue type can be used. Desirably both the samples being compared will be from the same individual. Alternatively, aberrant expression levels of protein products can be detected in body samples, such as blood, serum, feces, urine, sputum. As a control, a normal matched sample can be used from a healthy individual. Aberrant expression levels of transcripts can also be detected in such body samples, particularly in blood and serum.

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Probes for use in the assays for transcription levels of particular genes or sets of genes may be RNA or DNA. The probes will be isolated substantially free of other cellular RNAs or DNAs. If the reagent contains one probe then it will comprise at least 50% of the nucleic acids in the reagent composition. If the reagent contains more than one probe, then the proportion will decrease accordingly, so that specific probes will still comprise at least 50% of the nucleic acids in the reagent composition.

Probes can be labeled according to any means known in the art. These may include radioactive labels, fluorescent labels, enzymatic labels, and binding partner labels such as biotin. Means for labeling and detecting probes are well known in the art. Probes comprise at least 10, 11, 12, 15, 20, or 30 contiguous nucleotides of a selected gene.

This invention provides proteins or polypeptides expressed from the polynucleotides of this invention, which is intended to include wild-type and recombinantly produced polypeptides and proteins from procaryotic and eucaryotic host cells, as well as muteins, analogs and fragments thereof. In some embodiments, the term also includes antibodies and anti-idiotypic antibodies.

It is understood that functional equivalents or variants of the wild-type polypeptide or protein also are within the scope of this invention, for example, those having conservative amino acid substitutions. Other analogs include fusion proteins comprising a protein or polypeptide.

The proteins and polypeptides of this invention are obtainable by a number of processes well known to those of skill in the art, which include purification, chemical synthesis and recombinant methods. Full length proteins can be purified from a colon or pancreatic cell or tissue lysate by methods such as immunoprecipitation with antibody, and standard techniques such as gel filtration, ion-exchange, reversed-phase, and affinity chromatography using a fusion protein as shown herein. For such methodology, see for example Deutscher et al. (1999) Guide To Protein Purification: Methods In Enzymology (Vol. 182, Academic Press). Accordingly, this invention also

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provides the processes for obtaining these proteins and polypeptides as well as the products obtainable and obtained by these processes.

The proteins and polypeptides also can be obtained by chemical synthesis using a commercially available automated peptide synthesizer such as those manufactured by Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems, Inc., Model 430A or 431A, Foster City. The synthesized protein or polypeptide can be precipitated and further purified, for example by high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC). Accordingly, this invention also provides a process for chemically synthesizing the proteins of this invention by providing the sequence of the protein and reagents, such as amino acids and enzymes and linking together the amino acids in the proper orientation and linear sequence.

Alternatively, the proteins and polypeptides can be obtained by well-known recombinant methods as described, for example, in Sambrook et al., (1989), supra, using the host cell and vector systems described above.

Also provided by this application are the polypeptides and proteins described herein conjugated to a detectable agent for use in the diagnostic methods. For example, detectably labeled proteins and polypeptides can be bound to a column and used for the detection and purification of antibodies. They also are useful as immunogens for the production of antibodies as described below. The proteins and fragments of this invention are useful in an in vitro assay system to screen for agents or drugs, which modulate cellular processes.

The proteins of this invention also can be combined with various liquid phase carriers, such as sterile or aqueous solutions, pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, suspensions and emulsions. Examples of non-aqueous solvents include propyl ethylene glycol, polyethylene glycol and vegetable oils. When used to prepare antibodies, the carriers also can include an adjuvant that is useful to non-specifically augment a specific immune response. A skilled artisan can easily determine whether an adjuvant is required and select one. However, for the purpose of illustration only, suitable adjuvants include, but

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are not limited to Freund's Complete and Incomplete, mineral salts and polynucleotides.

This invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising any of a protein, analog, mutein, polypeptide fragment, antibody, antibody fragment or anti-idiotipic antibody of this invention, alone or in combination with each other or other agents, and an acceptable carrier. These compositions are useful for various diagnostic and therapeutic methods.

Antibodies can be generated using the proteins encoded by the transcripts identified by the tags disclosed herein. Use of all or portions of the protein as immunogens is routine in the art. Similarly, fusion proteins can be used as immunogens. Antibodies can be affinity purified using the proteins or portions thereof used as immunogens. Similarly, monoclonal antibodies specifically immunoreactive with the protein sequences of the invention can be generated according to techniques which are well known in the art.

Antibodies can be used analytically to quantitate the expression of particular transcripts identified herein as upregulated or downregulated in cancer. In addition, antibodies can be conjugated or non-covalently linked to cytotoxic agents, such as cytotoxins, radionuclides, chemotherapeutic drugs, etc. Such antibodies can be used therapeutically to specifically target cancer cells in which the protein antigens are upregulated. These include the proteins encoded by the transcripts identified by the tags shown in Tables 2, 4, and 5. Means of making such linked cytotoxic antibodies and of administering the same are well known in the art.

Also provided by this invention is an antibody capable of specifically forming a complex with the proteins or polypeptides as described above. The term "antibody" includes polyclonal antibodies and monoclonal antibodies. The antibodies include, but are not limited to mouse, rat, and rabbit or human antibodies.

Laboratory methods for producing polyclonal antibodies and monoclonal antibodies, as well as deducing their corresponding nucleic acid sequences, are known in the art, see Harlow and Lane (1988) supra and

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Sambrook et al. (1989) supra. The monoclonal antibodies of this invention can be biologically produced by introducing protein or a fragment thereof into an animal, e.g., a mouse or a rabbit. The antibody producing cells in the animal are isolated and fused with myeloma cells or heteromyeloma cells to produce hybrid cells or hybridomas. Accordingly, the hybridoma cells producing the monoclonal antibodies of this invention also are provided.

Thus, using the protein or fragment thereof, and well known methods, one of skill in the art can produce and screen the hybridoma cells and antibodies of this invention for antibodies having the ability to bind the proteins or polypeptides.

If a monoclonal antibody being tested binds with the protein or polypeptide, then the antibody being tested and the antibodies provided by the hybridomas of this invention are equivalent. It also is possible to determine without undue experimentation, whether an antibody has the same specificity as the monoclonal antibody of this invention by determining whether the antibody being tested prevents a monoclonal antibody of this invention from binding the protein or polypeptide with which the monoclonal antibody is normally reactive. If the antibody being tested competes with the monoclonal antibody of the invention as shown by a decrease in binding by the monoclonal antibody of this invention, then it is likely that the two antibodies bind to the same or a closely related epitope. Alternatively, one can pre-incubate the monoclonal antibody of this invention with a protein with which it is normally reactive, and determine if the monoclonal antibody being tested is inhibited in its ability to bind the antigen. If the monoclonal antibody being tested is inhibited then, in all likelihood, it has the same, or a closely related, epitopic specificity as the monoclonal antibody of this invention.

The term "antibody" also is intended to include antibodies of all isotypes. Particular isotypes of a monoclonal antibody can be prepared either directly by selecting from the initial fusion, or prepared secondarily, from a parental hybridoma secreting a monoclonal antibody of different isotype by using the sib selection technique to isolate class switch variants using the

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procedure described in Steplewski et al. (1985) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 82:8653 or Spira et al. (1984) J. Immunol. Methods 74:307.

This invention also provides biological active fragments of the polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies described above. These "antibody fragments" retain some ability to selectively bind with its antigen or immunogen. Such antibody fragments can include, but are not limited to:

- (1) Fab,
- (2) Fab',
- (3) F(ab')2,
- (4) Fv, and
- (5) SCA

A specific example of "a biologically active antibody fragment" is a CDR region of the antibody. Methods of making these fragments are known in the art, see for example, Harlow and Lane, (1988) supra.

The antibodies of this invention also can be modified to create chimeric antibodies and humanized antibodies (Oi, et al. (1986) BioTechniques 4(3):214). Chimeric antibodies are those in which the various domains of the antibodies' heavy and light chains are coded for by DNA from more than one species.

The isolation of other hybridomas secreting monoclonal antibodies with the specificity of the monoclonal antibodies of the invention can also be accomplished by one of ordinary skill in the art by producing anti-idiotypic antibodies (Herlyn, et al. (1986) Science 232:100). An anti-idiotypic antibody is an antibody which recognizes unique determinants present on the monoclonal antibody produced by the hybridoma of interest.

Idiotypic identity between monoclonal antibodies of two hybridomas demonstrates that the two monoclonal antibodies are the same with respect to their recognition of the same epitopic determinant. Thus, by using antibodies to the epitopic determinants on a monoclonal antibody it is possible to identify other hybridomas expressing monoclonal antibodies of the same epitopic specificity.

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